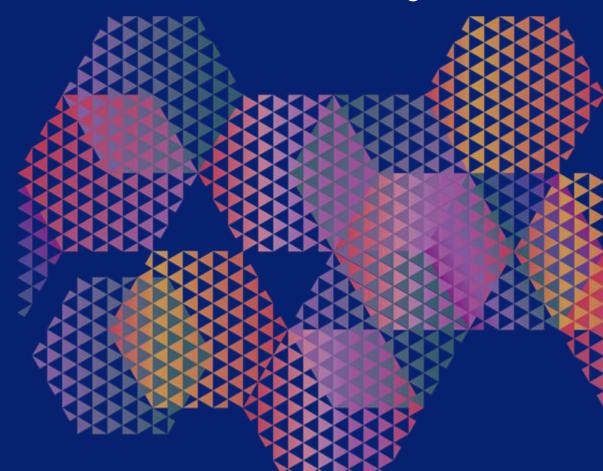


New Section 12 Fair Value Measurement

IFRS for SMEs

Accounting Standard



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IFRS for SMEs® Accounting Standard

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Overview of the new Section 12 Fair Value Measurement

Reflects improvements from IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement and brings fair value measurement and disclosure requirements into a new Section 12

Definition

Fair value hierarchy

Disclosure requirements

The requirements in the Standard for when to use fair value remain unchanged



New definition of fair value

New definition taken from IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

What?

Price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability ...

How?

... in an **orderly transaction** between market participants ...

When?

... at the **measurement date**.

Fair value is market-based, not entity-specific



2

New definition of fair value—Measurement principles

Market-based approach

Principal / most advantageous market

Market participant consideration

Ignore transaction costs

Consider location of the asset

Highest and best use for non-financial assets

Physically possible

Legally allowed

Financially feasible



New definition—Valuation techniques

Market approach

Use information from market transactions involving identical or similar assets

Cost approach

Current replacement cost

Income approach

Present value techniques

Option pricing models

Multi-period excess earnings method

Maximise observable inputs. Minimise unobservable inputs.



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The fair value hierarchy

Level 1

Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets

Quoted prices for similar items

Level 2

Directly or indirectly unobservable inputs not included in Level 1

Quoted prices in inactive markets

Level 3

Unobservable inputs

Observable inputs other than quoted prices

Market-corroborated inputs

Mixed inputs—treat as the lowest level



Examples of using the hierarchy

Level 1

Level 2

Level 3

A small investment in quoted shares

An investment property

A field of sunflowers

Use quoted prices

Use price per square metre from observed transactions in similar properties

Use previous prices adjusted for estimates of factors that will affect this year's price



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4 Disclosure requirements

For each class of assets and liabilities measured at fair value

- Carrying amounts at the end of the period
- Level of fair value hierarchy
- Description of valuation techniques for levels 2 and 3

For recurring measurements in Level 3

Total gains or losses for the period recognised in:

- profit or loss
- other comprehensive income



Transition to new Section 12

Apply the new Section 12 from the date of initial application of the third edition of the Standard

No restatement of comparative amounts

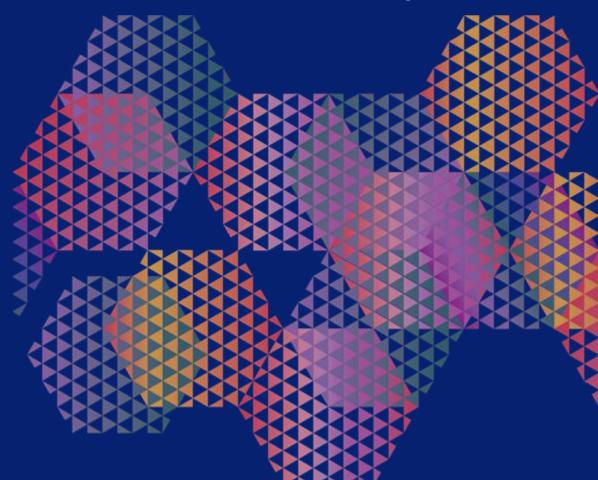
No comparatives for new disclosure requirements



Supporting materials

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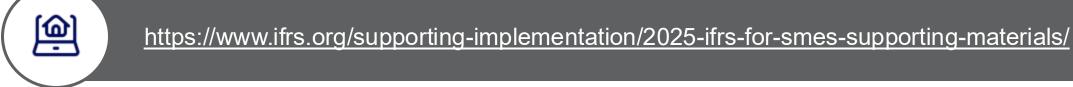
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