

Digital financial reporting: IASB's role and research opportunities

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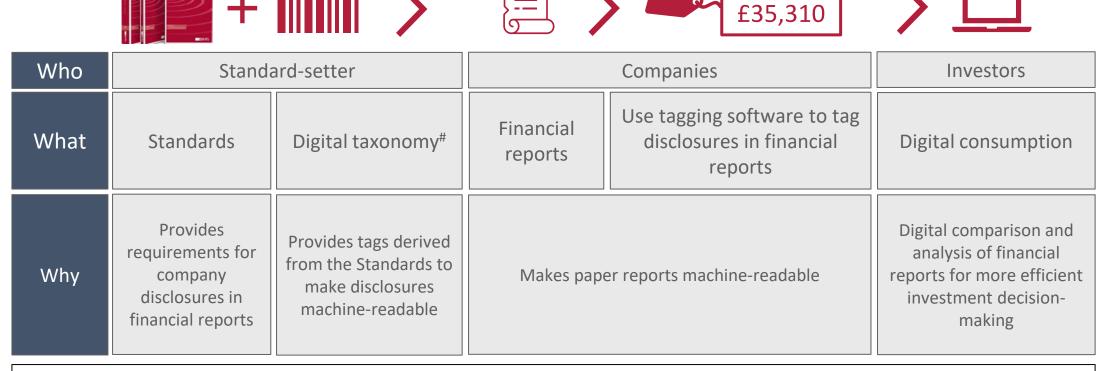
IASB's role in digital financial reporting

IASB Agenda consultation 2022

- Possible areas of action
 - Consider implications of increased consumption of digital data
 - Improve IFRS accounting taxonomy
 - Common practice
 - Errors and extensions
 - Education materials
 - Work with partners in ecosystem
 - Work with ISSB
 - consistent approach in taxonomies
 - technological compatibility



How are financial statements digitalised?



[#] A classification system used to make financial reports machine-readable. Different from, for example, a green taxonomy used to classify environmentally sustainable economic activities



Subject to due process



The IFRS Accounting Taxonomy

Sources of the IFRS Accounting Taxonomy content

IFRS Accounting Standards

Presentation and disclosure requirements in IFRS Accounting Standards

Illustrative examples and implementation guidance

Common reporting practice

Commonly disclosed information not specifically mentioned in IFRS Accounting Standards

The Taxonomy reflects disclosure requirements in IFRS Accounting Standards

It does not introduce new requirements

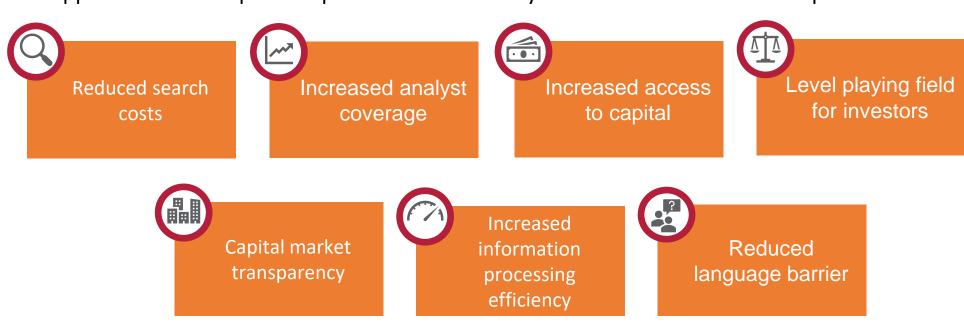
It is not a disclosure checklist

It does not dictate how preparers should present their reports



For a summary of academic evidence, see Troshani, I. and Rowbottom, N., 2021. Digital corporate reporting: research developments and implications. *Australian Accounting Review*, 31(3), pp.213-232 Additionally, the following speeches include citations to supporting research, see speech by US SEC Commissioner Caroline A. Crenshaw; speech by IASB member Ann Tarca

- Benefits of digital financial reporting
- Provides opportunities to improve capital market efficiency and reduce firms' cost of capital



Over 90% of global market capitalisation now require some form of digital financial reporting (e.g. US, EU, UK, China, India, Japan)

 However, the current global approach to digital financial reporting is fragmented and, in our view, does not realise the full benefits

Opportunities to enhance financial reporting

• Digitalisation offers new opportunities to enhance financial reporting. Possible opportunities include:

The ability for investors to tailor the presentation of financial reports to meet their decision-making needs

Interactive financial reports that allow investors to toggle between different measurement bases

Enhanced ability to reflect relationships between items/disclosures

- Leveraging digital opportunities may require a 'pro-digital' standard-setting approach
- There is a wide spectrum of what a 'pro-digital' approach might entail. Some examples are:
 - Re-thinking the cost/benefit analysis of disclosure requirements
 - Reporting more granular information may no longer be as costly
 - Consuming larger quantities of data may be easier
 - Re-thinking the balance between comparability and entity-specific information
 - Thinking beyond the constraints of a static paper-based format
 - Location of where information is presented/disclosed may be less of an issue

- A pro-digital approach may involve challenges
 - Implications for materiality
 - Ensuring contextual information remains visible
 - Costs for preparers
 - Challenges for less sophisticated investors
 - May require changes to existing regulatory/legislative filing requirements



The vision has yet to be publicly discussed with the IASB or ISSB, but it is consistent with messaging in the IASB's Feedback Statement on its Third Agenda Consultation

Our vision: staff view

Vision

Decision-useful, high-quality, comparable and accessible global digital financial reports

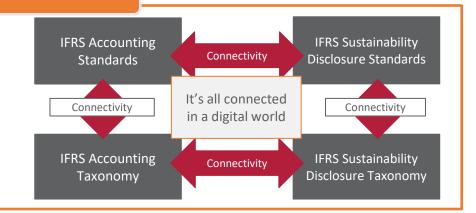
How we get there (staff view)

Global adoption of IFRS Standards¹

Assurance requirements and enforcer reviews

Global adoption of IFRS digital taxonomies²

Accessibility, including platforms to access digital reports





Achieving this vision will require a coordinated effort by multiple players in the financial reporting ecosystem

¹IFRS Standards refers to IFRS Accounting Standards and the forthcoming IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Standards

² IFRS digital taxonomies refers to the IFRS Accounting Taxonomy and forthcoming IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Taxonomy



Research opportunities

- Data sources
 - EDGAR IFRS FPI
 - ESMA mandate ESAP repository
 - New aggregators
- Descriptive/technology
 - Extent of use, tagging practices
 - Interoperability
 - Taxonomy/Al
- Economic impact
 - Sources of benefits
 - Usefulness of information
- Reporting impact
 - Standard setting
 - Regulators, audit, enforcement
 - Connectivity financial and other information



References

- EAA webinar on digital financial reporting
 - https://www.ifrs.org/academics/#conferences-and-presentations
 - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MsmAKi-a6_w
- IASB Third Agenda Consultation
 - https://www.ifrs.org/projects/completed-projects/2022/2020-agendaconsultation/
- IASB Taxonomy and supporting materials
 - https://www.ifrs.org/issued-standards/ifrs-taxonomy/
- XBRL International tagged financial statements
 - https://filings.xbrl.org/#



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