

Primary Financial Statements project Exposure Draft *General Presentation and Disclosures*

> July 2020 Disaggregation

The views expressed in this presentation are those of the presenter, not necessarily those of the International Accounting Standards Board or the IFRS Foundation.



Housekeeping

The Exposure Draft, its accompanying documents and the slides used in this presentation are available for download on the Primary Financial Statements project webpage at www.ifrs.org/projects/work-plan/primary-financial-statements.

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To ask a question, type it into the designated text box on your screen and click 'submit'. You can submit questions at any time during the presentation. We'll try to answer them at the end of the presentation.





To improve how information is communicated in the financial statements, with a focus on information included in the statement of profit or loss



* Comment period extended from June 2020 due to covid-19 pandemic



Project responds to investor needs

What investors say	Board's main proposals
Subtotals in the statement of profit or loss need to be comparable between different companies.	Require companies to present additional defined subtotals in the statement of profit or loss.
Companies should provide more granular information and information grouped in a way that provides better inputs for our analysis.	Strengthen requirements for disaggregating information.
Performance measures defined by management can provide useful information, but should be used in a more transparent and disciplined way.	B Require companies to disclose information about management performance measures in the notes.

*The Exposure Draft also contains other proposals, including targeted improvements to the statement of cash flows.

General requirements and required Required line items, line items including goodwill

Roles of the primary financial statements and the notes

Principles for aggregation & disaggregation

Grouping dissimilar immaterial items, avoiding 'other' labels

Specific requirements

Analysis of operating $(\mathbf{2})$ expenses by nature and by function

Disclosure of unusual 3 income and expenses



General requirements and required line items



Disaggregation—roles and line items

Roles of the primary financial statements and the notes	 Role of the primary financial statements is to provide a structured and comparable summary of a reporting entity's recognised assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows. Role of the notes is to: provide further information necessary for users of financial statements to understand the items included in the primary financial statements; and supplement the primary financial statements with other information that is necessary to meet the objective of financial statements.
Required line items	 New required line items would include: Separate line items for integral and non-integral associates and joint ventures (statement of profit or loss, cash flows and financial position) Income or expenses from financing activities Goodwill (statement of financial position)

Disaggregation—principles and grouping of dissimilar items

Principles for aggregation & disaggregation

- 1. Identify assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses that arise from individual transactions or other events
- 2. Classify items into groups based on shared characteristics, resulting in line items in the primary financial statements that share at least one characteristic
- 3. Separate those line items based on further characteristics, resulting in the separate disclosure of material items in the notes

Grouping dissimilar immaterial items

- Companies should use **meaningful labels** for groups of immaterial items, avoiding line items such as 'other expenses'.
- If that is not possible, companies would be required to provide information in the **notes** about the **content** of such groups of items.



Analysis of operating expenses



Operating expenses—example by nature

Revenue	347,000	
Other income	3,800	
Changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress	3,000	
Raw materials used	(146,000)	Operating
Employee benefits	(107,000)	Operating
Depreciation	(37,000)	
Amortisation	(12,500)	
Professional fees and other expenses	(10,030)	
Operating profit	41,270	
Share of profit or loss of integral associates and joint ventures	(600)	Integral associates and joint ventures
Operating profit and income and expenses from integral associates & JVs	40,670	
Share of profit or loss of non-integral associates and joint ventures	3,380	Investing
Dividend income	3,550	Investing
Profit before financing and income tax	47,600	
Expenses from financing activities	(3,800)	Financing
Unwinding of discount on pension liabilities and provisions	(3,000)	Financing
Profit before tax	40,800	
Income tax	(7,200)	
Profit for the year	33,600	881FR

Analysis of operating expenses

Statement of profit or loss	Notes
Use method for analysis of operating expenses (by nature or by function) that provides the most useful information	Disclose analysis by nature in the notes if analysis by function is presented in the statement of profit or loss
 Not a free choice—the Board proposes to provide a set of indicators to help companies select a method. Companies should not mix the two methods. Would remove option to present analysis of expenses in the notes only. 	 Analysis of total operating expenses— no requirement to analyse each functional line item by nature.



Current practice—mix of nature and function

Revenue	86,750	
Cost of sales	(55,775)	
Gross profit	30,975	
General and administrative expenses	(9,472)	
Research and development expenses	(5,385)	
Depreciation	(6,750)	
Other income	1,645	
Operating profit	11,013	
Finance expenses	(813)	
Profit before tax	10,200	
Income tax	(1,800)	
Profit	8,400	

Cost of sales or depreciation is incomplete



Example of analysis by nature in the notes

Statement of profit or loss (by function)

Revenue	500
Cost of goods sold	(300)
Gross profit	200
Selling expenses	(40)
Research and development expenses	(20)
General and administrative expenses	(50)
Impairment losses on trade receivables	(30)
Operating profit	60

Notes (by nature)

Changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress	30
Raw material used	(160)
Employee benefits	(140)
Depreciation	(40)
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	(10)
Impairment loss on trade receivables	(30)
Property taxes	(40)
Litigation expenses	(20)
Gains (losses) on derivatives	(30)
Operating expenses total	(440)

3 Unusual income and expenses



Definition



Income and expenses with **limited predictive value**. Income and expenses have limited predictive value when it is reasonable to expect that income or expenses that are similar in type and amount will not arise for several future annual reporting periods.

Income and expenses from the recurring remeasurement of items measured at a current value would not normally be classified as unusual.

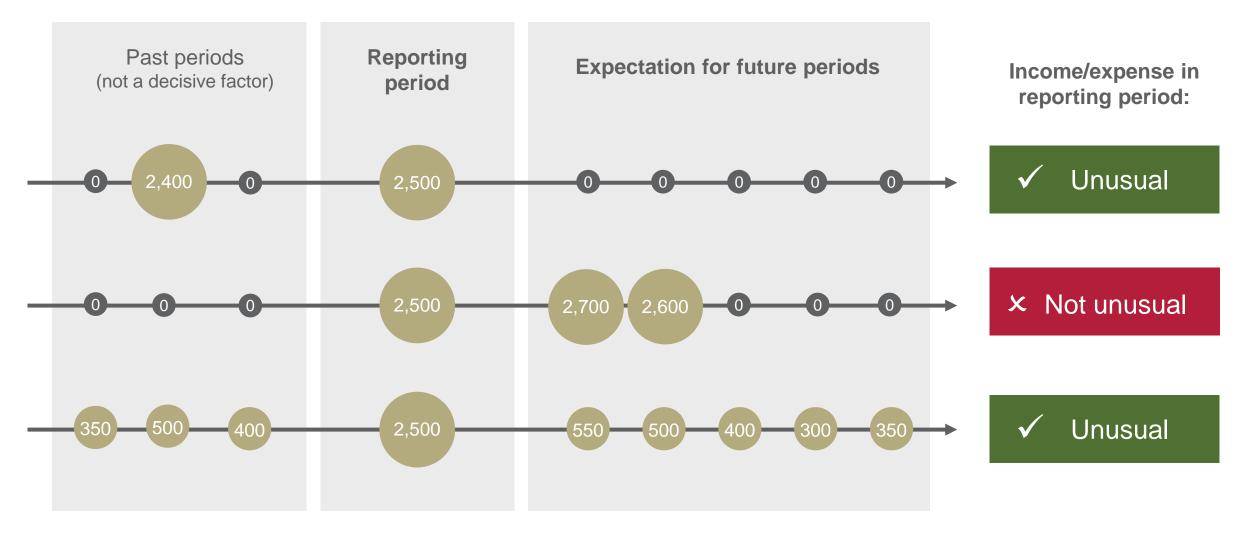
Disclosures

Amount & narrative description

Amount disaggregated by:

- line items presented in statement of profit or loss; and
- line items disclosed in analysis of operating expenses by nature, if the entity analyses expenses by function in the statement of profit or loss

Applying the definition of 'unusual'—examples





Example—disclosure of unusual income and expenses

	Unusual income and expenses by type		
Line items in P&L by function that include unusual income and expenses	Property tax	Restructuring expenses	Total unusual items
Cost of sales		(4,990)	(4,990)
General & administrative expenses	(2,500)	(410)	(2,910)
Expenses from financing activities		(600)	(600)

	Unusual income and expenses by type			
Operating expenses by nature	Property tax	Restructuring expenses	Total unusual items	
Employee benefits		(2,050)	(2,050)	
Impairment of PP&E		(3,350)	(3,350)	
Property taxes	(2,500)		(2,500)	

Polling and Q&A

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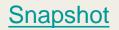


Published materials



- Exposure Draft
- Basis for Conclusions
- <u>Illustrative Examples</u> and a comparison of proposals with requirements of IAS 1







<u>Recording of the</u> <u>previous webinars</u>* (also available on our <u>YouTube</u> <u>channel</u>)



Video of IASB Chairman introducing the proposals

* Also available in Japanese, Chinese, Portuguese, Korean and Spanish



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