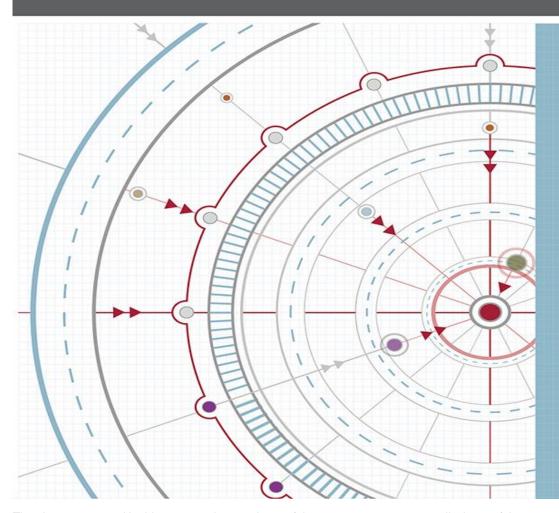
#### IFRS® Foundation



Emerging Economies Group October 2018 Agenda paper 7

## The work of the IASB

Update on the work of the IASB - September 2018

Michelle Sansom Associate Director, IFRS Foundation

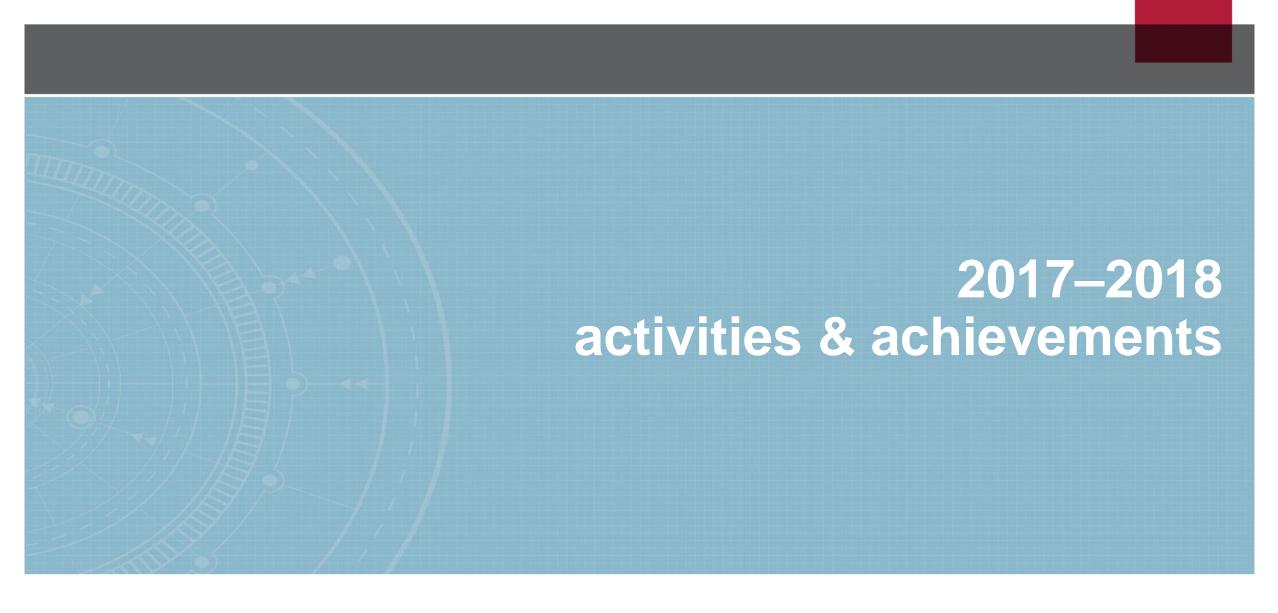
The views expressed in this presentation are those of the presenter, not necessarily those of the International Accounting Standards Board or the IFRS Foundation.



#### **Overview**

- 2017–2018 activities & achievements
- Better Communication in Financial Reporting
- Active projects
- Research pipeline and post-implementation reviews
- Supporting implementation
- Supporting resources





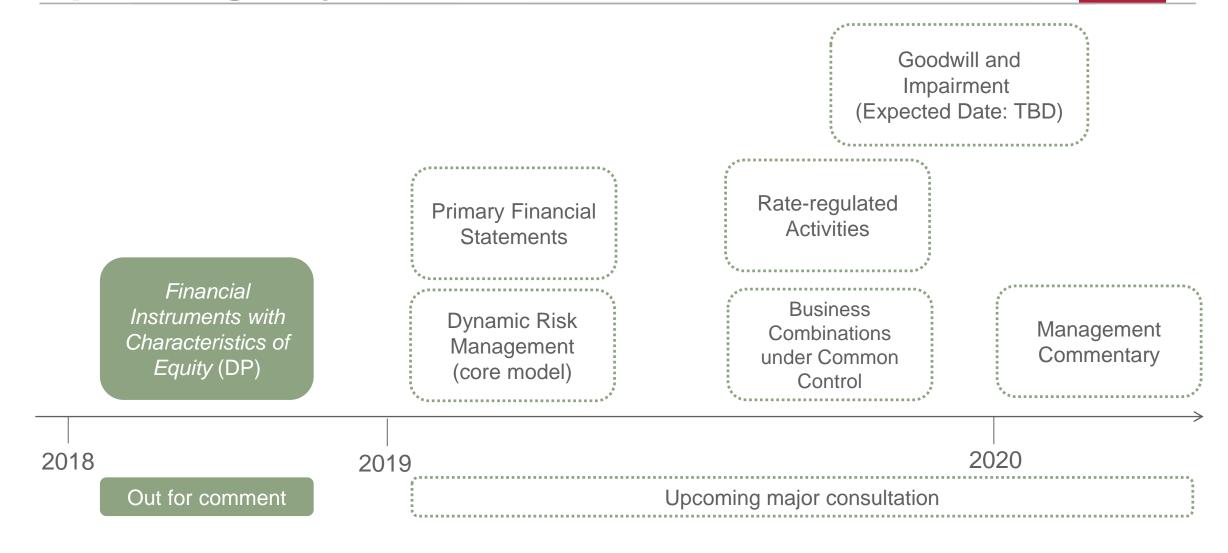


## 2018 publications

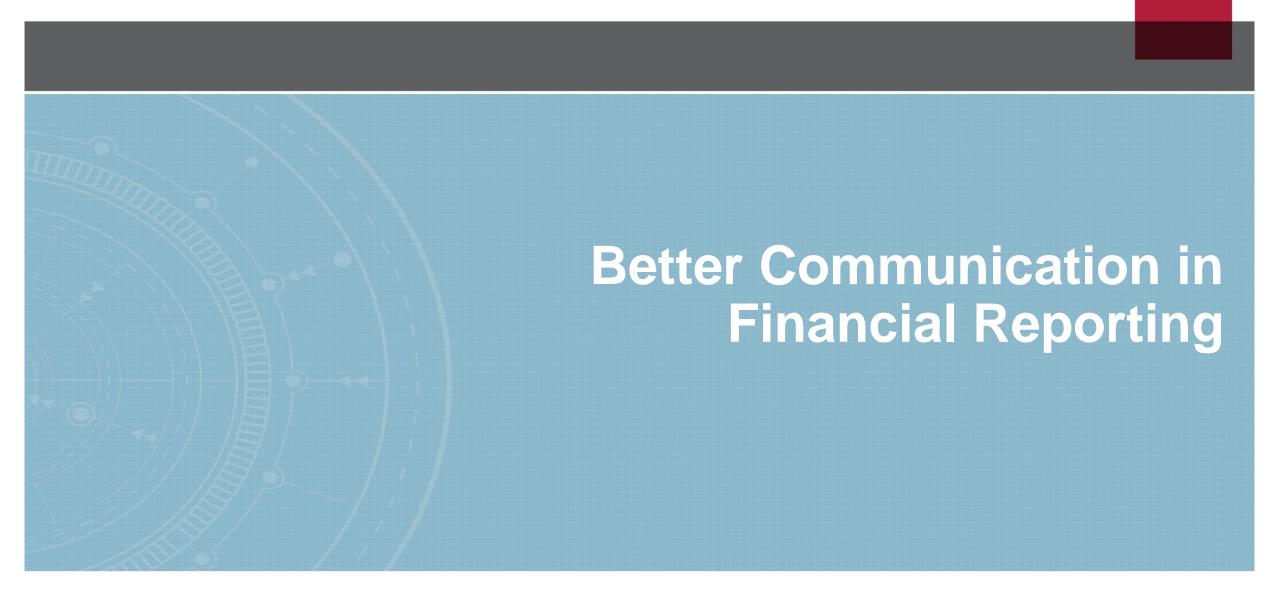
Final documents	Consultation documents
<ul> <li>Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting</li> <li>→ Upcoming</li> <li>Definition of a Business (IFRS 3)</li> <li>Definition of Material (IAS 1 and IAS 8)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Financial Instruments with Characteristics of Equity (Discussion Paper: comments due 7 January 2019)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Costs Considered in Assessing whether a Contract is Onerous (Exposure Draft: Q4 2018)</li> <li>Proposed IFRS Taxonomy Update—Common Practice (IFRS13) (September 2018)</li> </ul>



## **Upcoming major consultations**



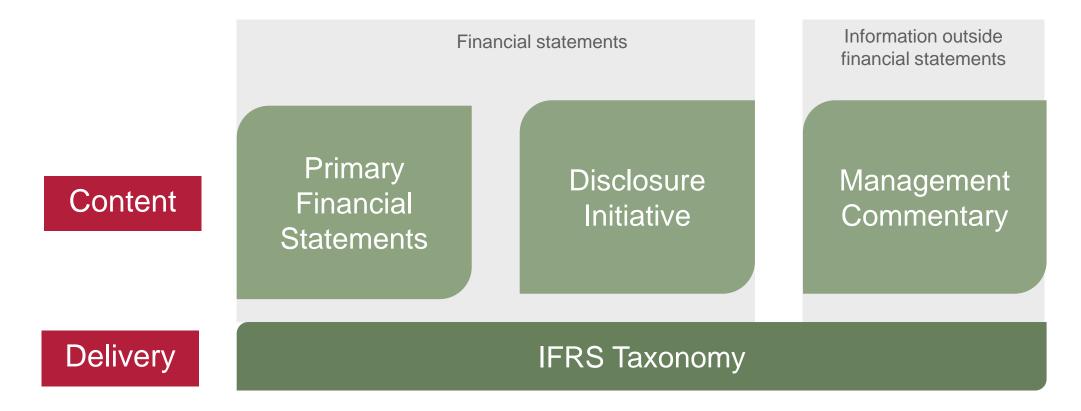






#### Central theme of our work

## Better Communication in Financial Reporting





## Primary Financial Statements—in scope

# Statement(s) of financial performance

EBIT subtotal

'Income/expenses from investments' category

Guidance on presentation of management performance measure

Considering better ways to communicate OCI

Removing options for presentation of income and expenses eg presentation of profit of associates/JVs

#### Statement of cash flows

Eliminating classification options (interest/dividends)

(Not) aligning the operating section between statement of cash flows and statement(s) of financial performance

Specifying the starting point for the indirect method

Developing templates for the Primary Financial Statements

Achieving greater disaggregation including minimum line items



#### Primary Financial Statements—out of scope

# Statement of financial position

No planned change, except for templates and greater disaggregation

Statement of changes in equity

But FICE project looks at some issues



## Disclosure Initiative—the problem

- The Board has identified three main concerns about disclosures in financial statements:
  - not enough relevant information
  - too much irrelevant information
  - ineffective communication





## Disclosure Initiative—projects

#### **Disclosure Initiative**

#### **Completed projects**

Work-in-progress

Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 7

Case Studies Feedback
Statement—
Principles
of
Disclosure

Materiality
Practice
Statement

Accounting Policies

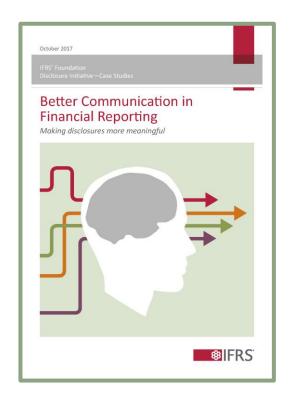
Targeted
Standardslevel Review
of
Disclosures

Definition of Material



## **Completed projects**





September 2017 Making Materiality Judgements Practice Statement 2 **IASB SIFRS** 

Disclosure Initiative (Amendments to IAS 1 & IAS 7)

Disclosure Initiative—
Case Studies

Making Materiality
Judgements



## **Principles of Disclosure —next steps**

#### **Objective**

identification of disclosure issues

#### **Outcomes**

- new project—Targeted Standards-Level Review of Disclosures
- develop guidance to help entities decide which accounting policies to disclose
- move presentation topics to Primary Financial Statements

# March 2017 Discussion Paper DP/2017/1 Disclosure Initiative—Principles of Disclosure Comments to be received by 2 October 2017

#### **Next Step**

publish feedback statement



## Principles of Disclosure—next steps

Decided not to pursue further the following topics in the Principles of Disclosure project:

Topics to be discussed in the Primary Financial Statements project

- roles of the primary financial statements and the notes
- presentation of EBIT and EBITDA
- presentation of unusual or infrequently occurring items
- fair presentation of performance measures

Topics unlikely to contribute significantly to addressing the disclosure problem

- use of formatting in the financial statements
- location of accounting policy disclosures
- location of disclosure objectives and requirements in IFRS Standards
- use of 'present' and 'disclose' in IFRS Standards\*

#### Location of information

- IFRS information outside the financial statements
- Non-IFRS information inside the financial statements



#### Targeted Standards—level Review of Disclosures

#### **Objective**

- help stakeholders improve the usefulness of disclosures for primary users
- not to change the volume of disclosure requirements, although this may be a consequence

#### **Guidance for the Board**

- the Board will develop the guidance through public discussion
- the Board has selected IAS 19 Employee Benefits and IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement to test the draft guidance
- formal stakeholder feedback will be obtained when the guidance is subsequently used as part of standard-setting



## **Management Commentary**



Financial Statements

Broader Financial Reporting

Public Policy Reporting

ESG reporting

Wider

Corporate

Reporting

#### Management commentary—

a narrative report that provides broader financial value relevant information useful to primary users of financial statements



## The IFRS Taxonomy

The IFRS Taxonomy reflects the presentation and disclosure requirements of IFRS Standards/IFRS for SMEs Standard and related common reporting practice in a timely and accurate manner

consists of 'elements' that are used by preparers to tag the information in IFRS financial statements

makes IFRS disclosures more accessible to users of structured electronic data

facilitates communication between preparers and users



## The IFRS Taxonomy—areas of focus

# Common reporting practice

IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

research XBRL fillings to identify additional common practice elements

# Implementation support

update to materials, such as *Using the IFRS Taxonomy—A* preparer's guide

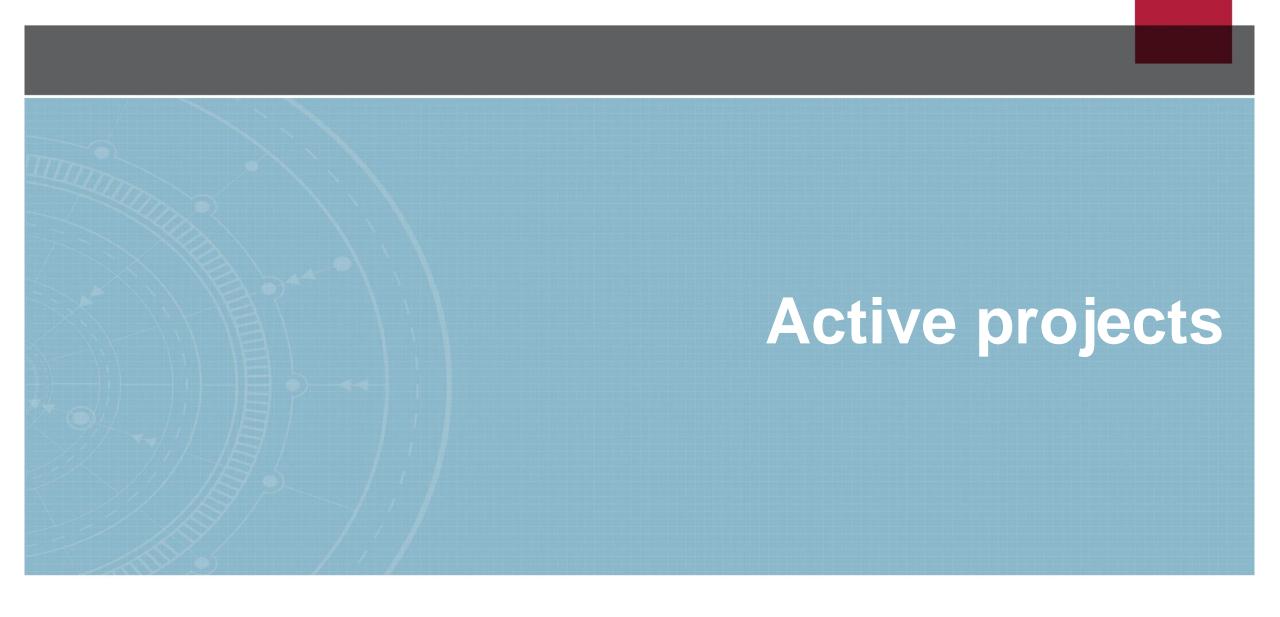
implementation guidance for specific elements

## **Entity-specific** disclosures

working with XBRL
International to
improve
accessibility of
entity-specific
disclosures in a
structured report

The impact of new or amended IFRS Standards on the IFRS Taxonomy in the next 12 months is expected to be limited







## **Active projects**

Project	Target	Reference
Better Communication	see previous slides	Page 6-18
Rate-regulated Activities	DP or ED H2 2019	Page 21
Business Combinations under Common Control	DP H2 2019	Page 22-27
Goodwill and Impairment	DP or ED	Page 28
Financial Instruments with Characteristics of Equity (FICE)	DP Feedback H1 2019	Page 29
Dynamic Risk Management (DRM)	Core Model H1 2019	Page 30-31
Interbank Offered Rate (IBOR)	Decide Project Direction Q4 2018	Page 32



#### Rate-regulated Activities—the model being developed

#### Challenge

 how should companies recognise assets and liabilities arising from the effects (timing and amount) of defined rate regulation?

#### Project scope

#### **Regulatory framework** that:

- is binding for both company and regulator
- establishes a rate-setting mechanism for goods or services that creates assets and liabilities
  due to timing differences arising when the regulated rate in one period includes amounts
  relating to required activities carried out by the entity in a different period

#### Supplementary model

would not amend existing IFRS Standards

Board discussions throughout 2018

Output
Discussion Paper or Exposure Draft in 2019



#### **Business Combinations under Common Control**

Business Combinations under Common Control (BCUCC) are excluded from the scope of IFRS 3 *Business Combinations* 



In practice, companies account for BCUCC using:

acquisition method as set out in IFRS 3

predecessor method
but there is diversity in practice in
how the method is applied

concerns about the diversity in practice raised by various interested parties, notably security regulators



#### BCUCC—scope

- The Board has finalised the discussion of the scope of the project.
- The Board has tentatively decided that the project will address transactions under common control in which a reporting entity obtains control of one or more businesses, regardless of whether:
  - the reporting entity can be identified as the 'acquirer', if IFRS 3 were applied to the transaction;
  - the transaction is conditional on a future sale of the combining parties, such as in an IPO;
     or
  - the transaction is either preceded by an external acquisition of one or more combining parties, or followed by an external sale of the combining parties, or both.



#### **BCUCC**—alternatives

## Decision process single method different methods for all transactions for different within the scope? transactions? which which method? methods? how to choose?

#### Alternatives to explore

- acquisition method set out in IFRS 3 Business Combinations?
- predecessor method?If yes, how to apply it?
- other methods?



#### **BCUCC**—where we are now

The Board tentatively decided to pursue an approach that uses Transactions within the acquisition method as a basis scope of the BCUCC project eg acquisition eg transfer of a with NCI in the business to a receiving entity Newco Cost constraint Primary users eg transaction between wholly owned entities, cluding entities that have external debt

## BCUCC—a current value approach if NCI is affected

#### **Acquisition method**

Additional disclosures?

+

Recognise a contribution if it is a bargain purchase (not gain)?

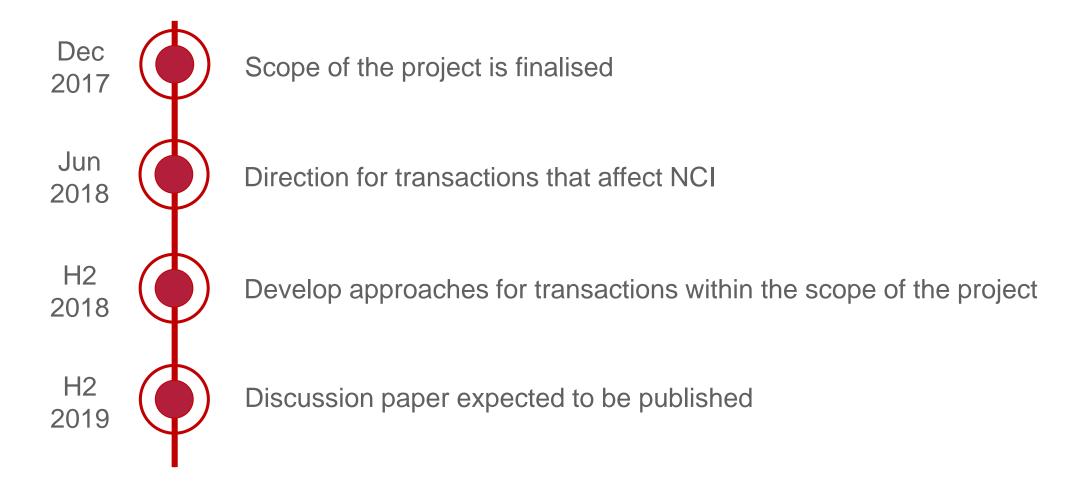


Recognise a distribution if there is an excess consideration (not goodwill)?

- The Board directed the staff to develop an approach based on the acquisition method set out in IFRS 3 and to consider whether and how that method should be modified.
- Possible modifications could include one or more of the following:
  - provide additional disclosures;
  - recognise a contribution to equity if there is a bargain purchase, instead of recognising that excess as a gain;
  - recognise a distribution from equity if there is excess consideration transferred instead of including it implicitly in the initial measurement of goodwill; or
  - introduce a 'cap' on recognition of goodwill.



#### **BCUCC**—timeline





## **Goodwill and Impairment**

✓ Three objectives the Board decided to pursue for addressing the interrelated problems identified in the research phase of this project:

Objective A	<ul> <li>identifying disclosures to enable investors to assess:</li> <li>management's rationale for the business combination</li> <li>if the post-acquisition performance of the business combination meets expectations set at the acquisition date</li> </ul>
Objective B	<ul> <li>simplifying the accounting for goodwill by:</li> <li>permitting an indicator-only approach as to whether an impairment test is required</li> <li>exploring whether to reintroduce amortisation of goodwill</li> </ul>
Objective C	<ul> <li>improving the calculation of value in use by permitting:</li> <li>cash flow projections that may include future enhancements to the asset</li> <li>the use of post-tax inputs in the calculation of value in use</li> </ul>



# Financial Instruments with Characteristics of Equity (FICE)

#### Challenges

- IAS 32 works well for most financial instruments, but challenges applying it to complex financial instruments
- limited information available to investors about equity instruments
- no clear rational for classification

#### Response

- articulate classification principles—clear rationale
- limit changes to IAS 32
- propose additional information through presentation and disclosure



## Dynamic Risk Management (DRM)

#### **Objective**

 improve information regarding risk management and how risk management activities affect the entity's current and future economic resources

#### **Guiding principles**

- transparency
- consideration of capacity constraints
- dynamic nature
- performance measurement

Focused on solutions involving both measurement and disclosure



## Approach to developing the DRM model

#### **Current stage (July 2018)**

- develop the 'core areas' that will shape the fundamentals of the DRM model:
  - asset profile
  - target profile
  - derivatives used for DRM purposes
  - performance assessment ⇒ current stage

#### **Next stage**

- seek feedback on the 'core version' of the model before developing the 'non-core areas'. These include:
  - financial assets at FVOCI
  - equity as a source of funding



## **Interbank Offered Rate (IBOR)**

#### Challenge

 market developments question the long-term viability of interest rate benchmarks, such as LIBOR

#### **Objective**

 monitor market developments and determine whether there are any implications for the existing accounting requirements; if so decide whether the Board should take action

#### **Board's decision**

- the discontinuance of IBOR could impact across financial markets and stakeholders are starting to ask about financial reporting implications
- at its June 2018 meeting, the Board decided to add a research project to its active research agenda







## Research pipeline

Projects starting in coming months	Remaining pipeline projects (to start in 2019-2020)
Extractive Activities	<ul> <li>Equity Method</li> </ul>
<ul><li>Pension Benefits that Depend on Asset Returns</li><li>Provisions</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Pollutant Pricing Mechanisms</li> <li>High Inflation: Scope of IAS 29</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Variable and Contingent Consideration</li> </ul>	
SMEs that are subsidiaries	



## Research pipeline

Project	Comments
Extractive Activities	Important globally and particularly in some jurisdictions. A permanent solution is needed to fill a gap
Pension Benefits that Depend on Asset Returns	Assess whether it is feasible to develop an approach for benefits that depend on asset returns: cash flows included in the measurement of the benefit would not exceed the discount rate. No other work is planned on IAS 19
Provisions	Initial research on IAS 37 is largely complete, plan to update for revised Conceptual Framework
Variable and Contingent Consideration	Cross-cutting issue raised in agenda consultation and in earlier deliberations of other topics. This work may also lead to follow on work on risk-sharing and collaborative arrangements
SMEs that are subsidiaries	Assess whether it is feasible to permit subsidiaries that are SMEs to use: the recognition and measurement of IFRS Standards with the disclosure requirements for SMEs



## Research pipeline

Project	Comments
Equity Method	A number of queries over time. Topic to be investigated as part of PIR of IFRS 11 <i>Joint Arrangements</i>
Pollutant Pricing Mechanisms	An analysis of the common economic characteristics of the various mechanisms will be needed
High Inflation: Scope of IAS 29	Assess whether it is feasible to extend the scope of IAS 29 to cover economies subject to high, rather than hyper, inflation. No other work is planned on IAS 29



#### **Post-implementation reviews**

Completed Completed Future PIRs -changes ahead —no action IFRS 8 IFRS 3 IFRS 10, 11, 12 IFRS 13 IFRS 5







# Why we support implementation

#### **Objective in supporting the Standards**

# We...

help stakeholders
obtain a common
understanding of the
requirements - ie what
they are aiming for

#### In order to...

support consistent application of IFRS Standards

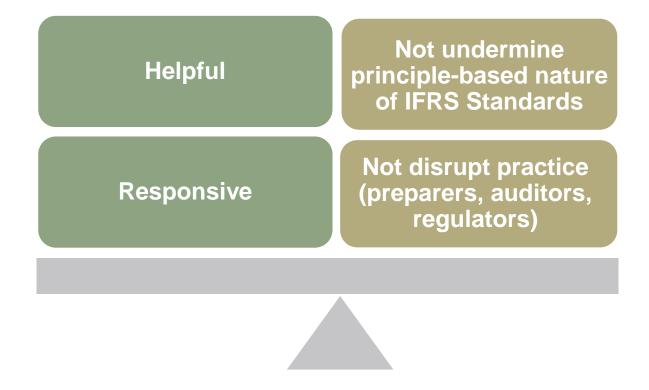
#### Because it...

protects IFRS
Standards as a single
set of global
Standards for the
benefit of users



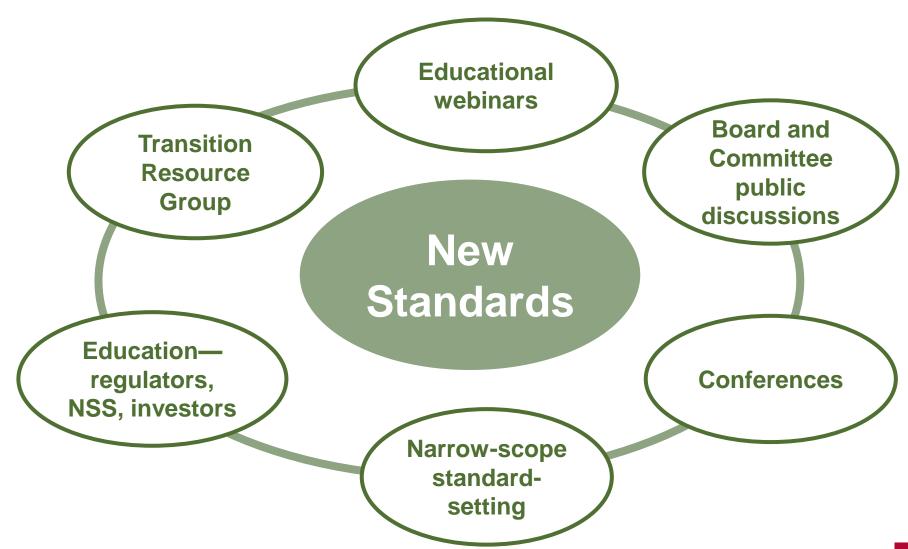
#### The challenge

• In supporting implementation and application of the Standards, the challenge for a standard-setter is to balance:





# **Support for new Standards**





#### Purpose of the IFRS 17 TRG



Public forum for discussion of submitted questions

Helps companies to implement IFRS 17

Helps the Board to identify if more support is needed

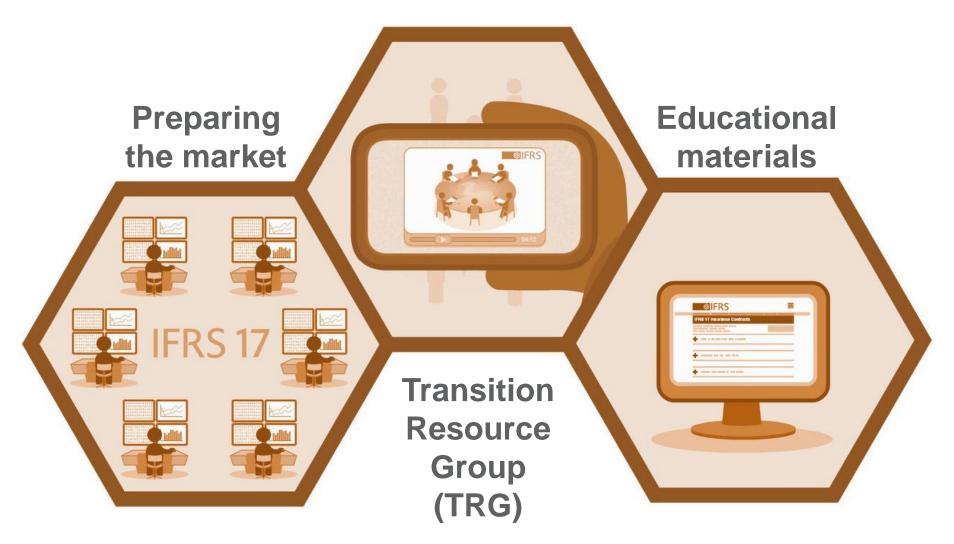
3 meetings to date

Webcasts, papers and summaries available for each meeting

Next meeting December 2018

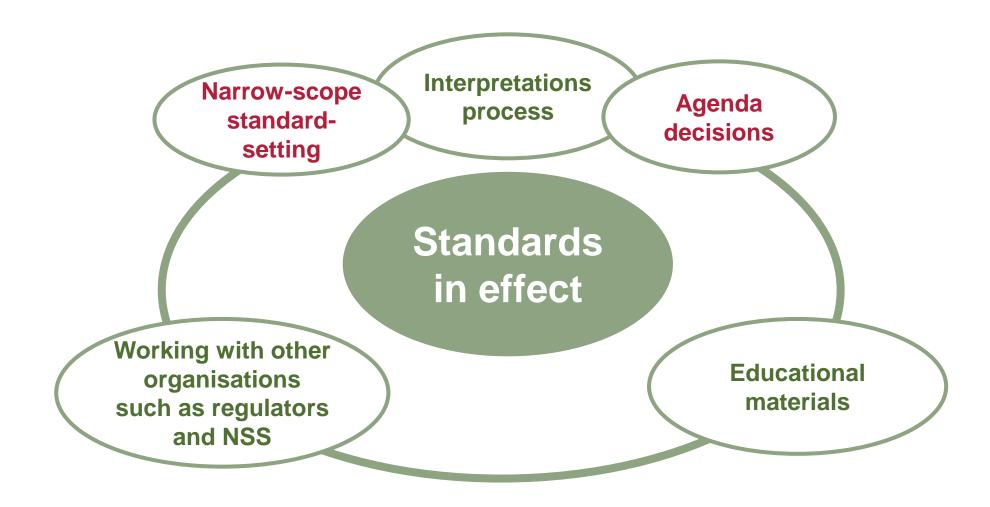


# IASB support for IFRS 17 implementation





# **Support for Standards in effect**





# 2017—2018 Amendments & Interpretations

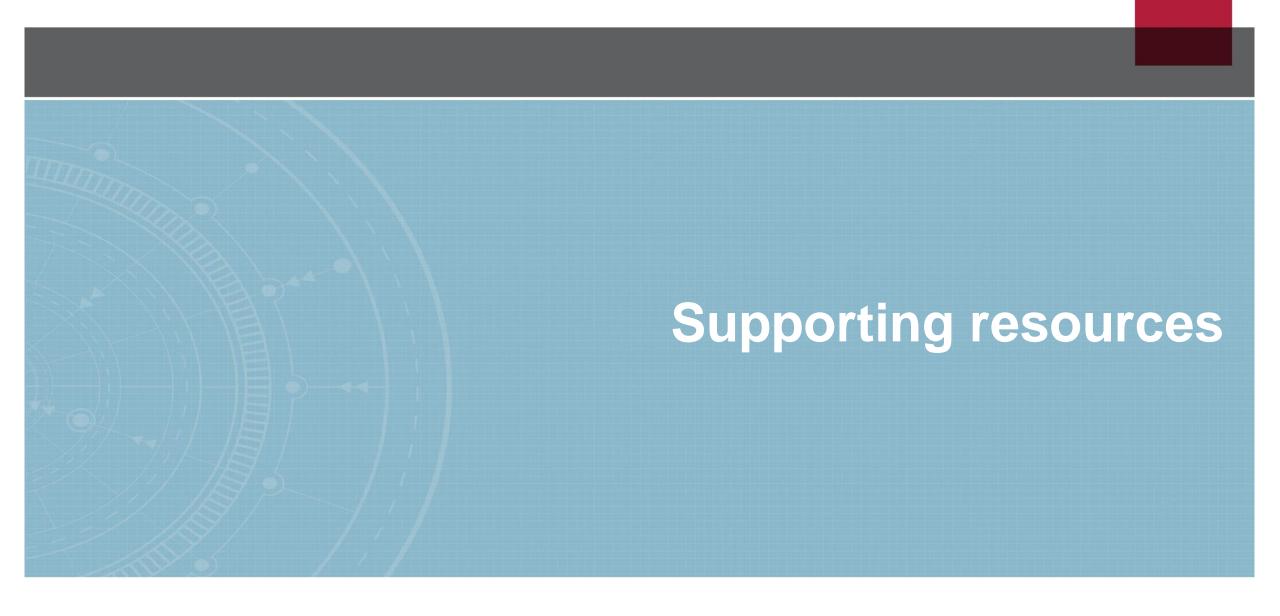
Topic	Effective date
IFRIC 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments	1 January 2019
Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures (Amendments to IAS 28)	1 January 2019
Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement (Amendment to IAS 19)	1 January 2019
Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation (Amendments to IFRS 9)	1 January 2019
<ul> <li>Annual Improvements 2015-2017</li> <li>Amendments to IFRS 3 and IFRS 11: Previously Held Interests in a Joint Operation</li> <li>Amendments to IAS 12: Income Tax Consequences of Payments on Instruments Classified as Equity</li> <li>Amendments to IAS 23: Borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation</li> </ul>	1 January 2019



# **Maintenance Projects**

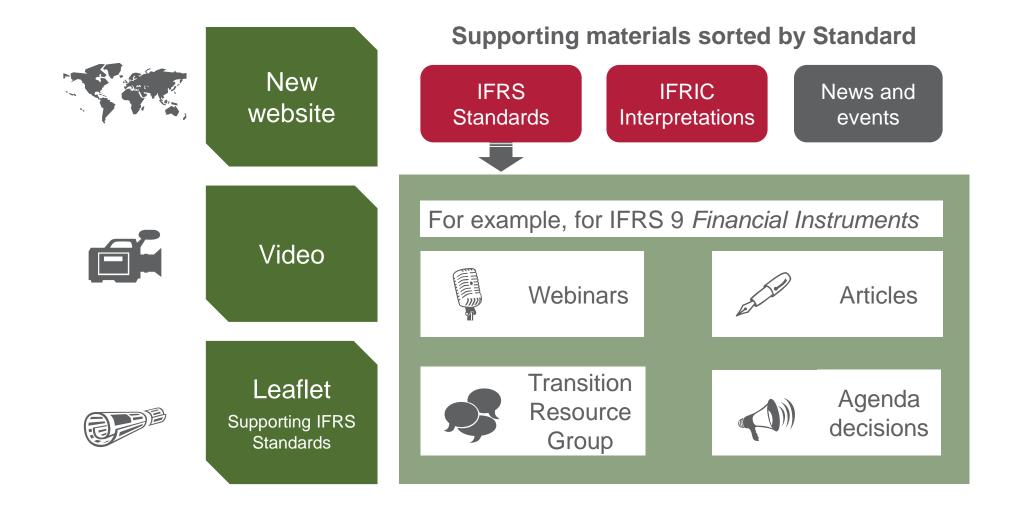
Project	Next milestone	Expected date
Definition of a Business (Amendments to IFRS 3)	IFRS Amendment	Imminent
Costs Considered in Assessing whether a Contract is Onerous (Amendments to IAS 37)	Exposure Draft	Q4 2018
Accounting Policies and Accounting Estimates (Amendments to IAS 8)	Decide project direction	October 2018
Accounting Policy Changes (Amendments to IAS 8)	Exposure Draft Feedback	Q4 2018
Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use (Amendments to IAS 16)	IFRS Amendment	TBD
Availability of a Refund (Amendments to IFRIC 14)	IFRS Amendment	TBD
<ul> <li>Annual Improvements (next cycle)</li> <li>Fees in the '10 percent' test for Derecognition (Amendments to IFRS 9)</li> <li>Lease Incentives (Amendment to Illustrative Example 13 accompanying IFRS 16)</li> <li>Subsidiary as a First-time Adopter (Amendments to IFRS 1)</li> <li>Package of annual improvements (Amendments to IFRS 17)</li> <li>Taxation in Fair Value Measurements (Amendments to IAS 41)</li> </ul>	Exposure Draft	TBD
Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	Decide Project Direction	TBD







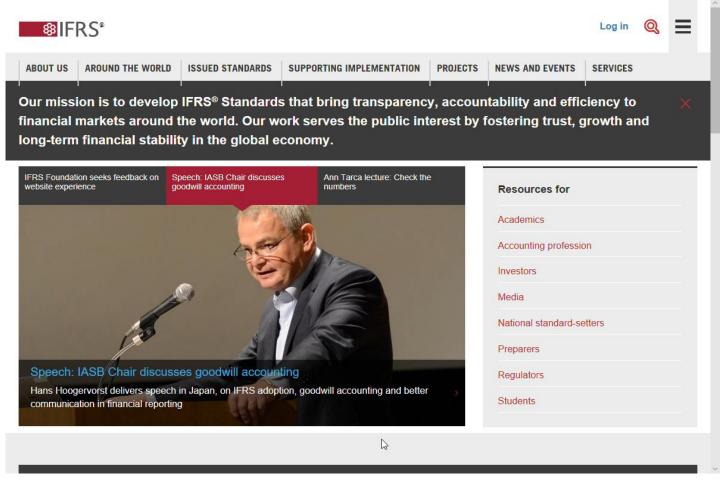
#### Resources available on our website





# Finding agenda decisions—Path 1

IFRS Home > Supporting Implementation > How the IFRS Interpretations Committee helps implementation > All Agenda Decisions







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working with global accounting experts



access to network of influential people



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