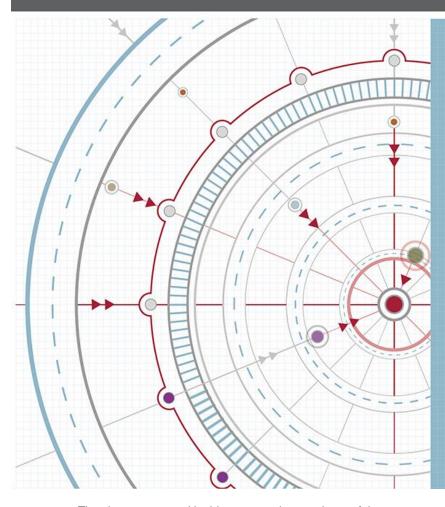
#### IFRS® Foundation



# Primary Financial Statements project

Accounting Standards Advisory Forum meeting March 2017

ASAF agenda paper 9

The views expressed in this presentation are those of the presenter, not necessarily those of the International Accounting Standards Board (the Board) or IFRS Foundation.



## Purpose of the session

 The purpose of the session is to provide an update on the Board's decisions regarding the scope of the Primary Financial Statements project.

• In July 2016 ASAF meeting, many ASAF members supported the project's focus on the structure and content of the statement(s) of financial performance.



## Question

### Question

Do you have any question or comments on:

- a) the scope of the project; and
- b) the possible solutions identified in slides 6-14?

We will discuss the topics on slide 6-8 and slide 14 with Board at its March 2017 meeting. We will verbally update the Board for your comments.

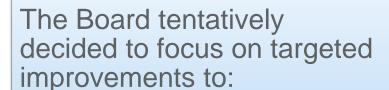


## **Primary Financial Statements project**

 Primary Financial Statements project is an early-stage research project.

December 2016

At a later stage



- statement(s) of financial performance; and
- statement of cash flows.

The Board will decide whether it will issue:

- Discussion Paper; or
- Exposure Draft as the first due process output of the project.



## Scope of research

## **Primary Financial Statements**

Statement(s) of financial performance

Statement of cash flows

Statement of financial position

Statement of changes in equity

- ✓ requiring additional subtotal(s); EBIT and/or operating profit
- ✓ providing guidance on the performance measures that exclude non-recurring items etc
- ✓ better ways to communicate OCI

- eliminating options for the classification of interest and dividends
- ✓ aligning the operating section between the statements of cash flows and financial performance
- ✓ requiring a consistent starting point for the reconciliation
- No specific change is planned in this project, except for possible development of templates for all primary financial statements and greater disaggregation

- ✓ developing templates for primary financial statements
- ✓ achieving greater disaggregation

## 1. Require 'EBIT' subtotal

Concerns raised	Possible solutions
<ul> <li>Users need comparable subtotals as a starting point for their analysis</li> <li>Many companies present EBIT-type subtotal but it varies and is not comparable</li> </ul>	Require presentation of comparable EBIT-type subtotal
<ul> <li>Presentation of financing income and expense varies, even among peers (eg interest cost of pension)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provide principles-based definition of 'financing' activities</li> <li>Prescribe treatment for some items (eg interest cost of pension)</li> </ul>

### Example

#### Revenue

All income and expenses excluding finance income/expense and tax

#### **EBIT**

Finance income Finance expense

Pre-tax profit
Taxation
Profit

OCI items

Comprehensive income



## 2. Require 'operating profit' subtotal

Со	ncerns raised	Possible solutions	
	Many companies present operating profit subtotal but it is not comparable		resentation of orofit subtotal
	Distinction between operating and non-operating income/expense varies, even among peers (egresult of associate)	definition of income and Prescribe to	treatment for s (eg result of

### Example

#### Revenue

All income and expenses excluding non-operating income/expense, finance income/expense and tax

**Operating profit** 

Non-operating income and expense

**EBIT** 

Finance income Finance expense

**Pre-tax profit** 

**Taxation** 

**Profit** 

OCI items



# 3. Provide guidance on the performance measures that exclude non-recurring items etc

Concerns raised	Possible solutions
<ul> <li>Users need information about persistency of income and expenses to develop forecast</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Require presentation of recurring operating profit subtotal</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Items classified as non-recurring vary and are not transparent</li> <li>Adjustments may not be consistent period to period</li> <li>Some non-recurring items occur regularly</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Require detailed disaggregation of components</li> <li>Require disclosure of 5 or 10 year historical record of adjustments</li> <li>Require explanation of adjustments</li> </ul>

### Example

#### Revenue

• • • •

...

Recurring operating profit
Non-recurring operating
income and expense

#### **Operating profit**

Non-operating income and expense

**EBIT** 

Finance income Finance expense

Pre-tax profit

**Taxation** 

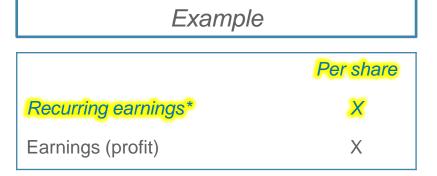
**Profit** 

OCI items



# 3. Provide guidance on the performance measures that exclude non-recurring items etc (continued)

Concerns raised	Possible solutions
<ul> <li>Alternative earnings per share are widely used for communication with users of financial statements</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Allow presentation of alternative earnings per share (eg recurring earnings per share)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Calculation of these figures is often not transparent</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Require disclosure of the calculation (including a 5 year historical record of the items excluded) and the reason for presenting it</li> </ul>



\* 'Recurring earnings' represent profit before post-tax non-recurring operating income and expense



# 4. Better ways to communicate information about OCI

Concerns raised	Possible solutions	Example
<ul> <li>Users do not understand amounts presented in OCI</li> <li>Current OCI category includes items with different nature</li> <li>Some think all items reported in OCI should be recycled; others disagree.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>In order to increase the understandability of the OCI category we could consider dividing OCI into different categories and labelling them in a more understandable way (for example, 'Income and expense to be recognised in profit or loss in the future').</li> </ul>	Recurring operating profit Non-recurring operating income and expense Operating profit Non-operating income and expense EBIT Finance income Finance expense Pre-tax profit Taxation Profit for continuing operations Loss from discontinued operation Profit Specified long term revaluations (OCI items not reclassified) Profit after specified long term revaluations Income and expense to be recognised in profit in the future* (OCI items that will be reclassified) Comprehensive income

\*Achieves 'full-recycling'

# 5. Targeted improvements on cash flows from operating activities

C	Concerns raised	Possible solutions	Example
•	Because of the options permitted to present interests and dividends in different cash flow categories, operating cash flows are not comparable	<ul> <li>Eliminate the options for presenting interest and dividend</li> </ul>	Cash flows from operating activities  Profit before taxation  Adjustments for:  Depreciation  Interest expense  Increase in trade and other receivables
•	Operating profit in the statement(s) of financial performance and operating cash flow in the statement of cash flows are disconnected	<ul> <li>Require consistency between how an entity defines operating profit in the statement(s) of financial performance and operating cash flow in the statement of cash flows</li> </ul>	Interest paid Income taxes paid Net cash from operating activities  Cash flows from investing activities  Cash flows from financing activities Interest paid
•	Different entities use a different starting point for the indirect reconciliation of cash flows	<ul> <li>Requiring a consistent starting point</li> </ul>	Income taxes paid  Net increase in cash  Cash at beginning of period  Cash at end of period

# 6. Provide illustrative examples for the primary financial statements

Concerns raised	Possible solutions
<ul> <li>Financial statements are not comparable even among peer companies</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provide illustrative examples of structure and format for some industries (eg, non-financial, bank, insurance and property)</li> </ul>

### Example (non-financial)

```
Revenue
     Cost of goods sold
Gross profit
     Selling costs
     General and administrative costs
     R&D costs
Recurring operating profit
     Non recurring operating income and
     expense
Operating profit
     Non operating income and expense
FRIT
     Finance income
     Finance expense
Pre tax profit
     Taxation
Profit
     Specified long term revaluations
Profit after specified long term revaluations
     Income and expense to be recognised in
```

profit or loss in the future

# 6. Provide illustrative examples for the primary financial statements (continued)

### Example (bank)

Interest income

Interest expense

#### Net interest income

Fee and commission income

Fee and commission expense

#### Net fee and commission income

Net income from instruments held for trading Net income from other instruments at FVTPL

Operating expenses

#### Recurring operating profit

Non-recurring operating income and expense

#### **Operating profit**

Non-operating income and expense (including results of associates)

(EBIT)

(Finance income)

(Finance expense)

Pre-tax profit

**Taxation** 

**Profit** 

Specified long term revaluations

Profit after specified long term revaluations

OCI items that will be reclassified

Comprehensive income

### Example (property)

Rental income

Service charge income

Service charge expense

**Net rental income** 

Sales of inventory property

Cost of sales of inventory property

Profit on sale of inventory property

Profit on disposal of investment property

Valuation gain from investment property

Net gains on investment property

Administrative expense

Recurring operating profit

Non-recurring operating income and expense

**Operating profit** 

Non-operating income and expense (eg results of associates)

**EBIT** 

Finance income

Finance expense

Pre-tax profit

**Taxation** 

**Profit** 

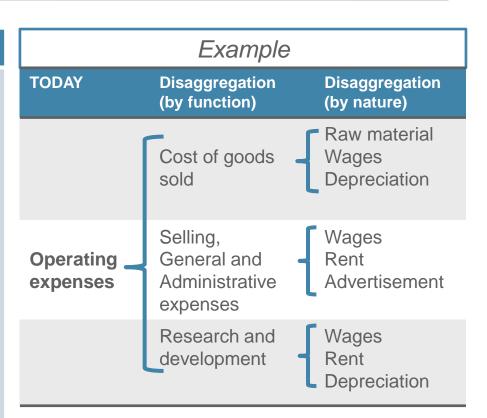
Specified long term revaluations

Profit after specified long term revaluations

OCI items that will be reclassified

# 7. Develop a principle for disaggregating items in the primary financial statements

### **Concerns raised** Possible solutions Some entities do Develop a principle or guidance to not present achieve greater expenses by nature or by disaggregation function (eg they present operating expenses as a single line item) Some entities present large 'other' category in primary financial statements that make it difficult to compare items presented by different entities





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