U.S. GAAP Taxonomy Simplification Initiative



Taxonomy Simplification Topics

- Creation and User Feedback From Surveys
- Simplification Recommendations
- Considering Deprecation of Low Use Elements

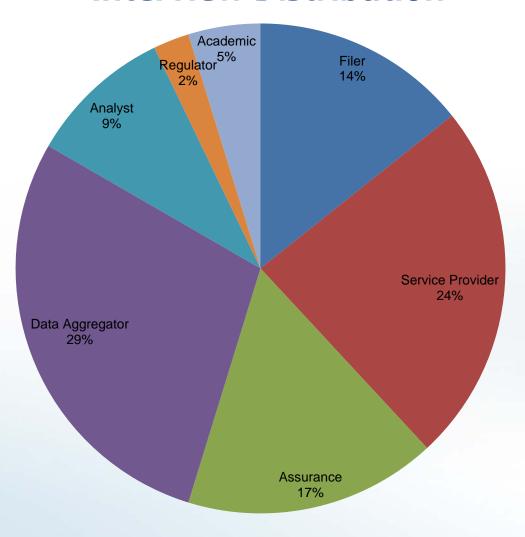


U.S. GAAP Taxonomy Simplification Initiative

- Why
 - Constituent feedback on Taxonomy complexity
- How
 - Qualitative interviews with constituent cross-section
 - Summarize initial findings
 - Identify next steps
 - Conduct research as needed
 - Conduct quantifying survey if needed
 - Make recommendations
- When
 - Expect preliminary report in Q4 2014
 - Implementation will encompass multiple Taxonomy Updates



Interview Distribution





Taxonomy Navigation Concerns

- Taxonomy is large
- Overall taxonomy structure is not apparent
- Can be hard to find the 'correct' element
- Many elements are very similar
- Industry and disclosure templates would help
- Viewing tools are not providing necessary filters or other mechanisms to easily find the appropriate element



Inconsistent modeling across the Taxonomy Examples:

- "Range Axis" to tag several minimum and maximum requirements while Line items exist that contain the same "Range: Minimum-Maximum attribute"
 - Traditional Life, Interest Rate, Low End
 - Traditional Life, Interest Rate, High End



Inconsistent modeling across the Taxonomy Examples:

- "Roll Forwards" modeled from an income statement perspective while others are modeled from a balance sheet perspective
 - Translation adjustments which are modeled from different perspectives for two different roll forwards
 - FiniteLivedIntangibleAssetsTranslationAdjustments (debit) Amount of increase (decrease) to assets, excluding financial assets and goodwill, lacking physical substance with a finite life for foreign currency translation adjustments.
 - DefinedBenefitPlanForeignCurrencyExchangeRateChangesBenefitObligat ion (credit) - Amount of gain (loss) from foreign currency exchange rate changes for benefit obligation for plans of a foreign operation whose functional currency is not the reporting currency.



Multiple ways to tag the same facts

- Between statements and disclosures
 - Line items preferred in statements, example
 - Land
 - Dimensions 'generally' preferred in disclosures, example
 - "Property, Plant and Equipment, Net", dimensionally qualified with "Property, Plant and Equipment, Type [Axis]" and "Land [Member]"
- Disclosure to Disclosure (OCI)
- Statement to Statement (SHE and BS)



Other Creation Feedback

- Dimensions can be challenging
- More implementation guidance but ...
 - Multiple sources of guidance are a challenge
- More metadata to improve software usability



User Key Feedback

- Data quality
 - Inconsistent modeling across the taxonomy*
 - Multiple ways of tagging the same facts*
 - Diversity of views on granularity*
 - Some want more and some want less
 - Potential to be better with increased granularity, but the switching cost is high
 - Only include choices when they provide meaningful differences
 - Extension management
 - Validation mechanism to determine that the data is correct
- Tag earnings release
- Inline XBRL for tracing back to 'source' for validation and as a service



Simplification Recommendations for Consideration (Controllable)

- Deprecate low use elements
- Eliminate inconsistent modeling
 - Alternatively provide context sensitive guidance in the Taxonomy that indicates appropriate use
- Eliminate multiple ways of tagging the same facts
 - Alternatively provide context sensitive guidance in the Taxonomy that indicates appropriate use
 - Consider using the definition linkbase to indicate equivalency
- Build reference model to support consistent model
- Establish project to reorganize Taxonomy to improve navigation and use by service providers
- Continue publishing guidance
- Consider using "rules" to constrain element use



Simplification Recommendations for Consideration (Not Controllable)

- Extension Management
 - Consider requiring an explicit linkage between extension elements and an appropriate base taxonomy element
- Consider requiring the use of fundamental concept elements for a consistent hierarchy and structural anchor (illustrative):
 - Assets, Current
 - Assets
 - Liabilities
 - Liabilities, Current
 - Liabilities and Equity
 - Stockholders' Equity Attributable to Parent
 - Revenues
 - Net Income (Loss) Available to Common Stockholders, Basic
 -



Low Use Element "Headlines"

- 31% of elements available for "tagging" in the proposed 2015 Taxonomy Update have been used zero (0) to five (5) times during the 2013 10-K filing season
 - 85% were created in the 2008-11 Taxonomy Updates
 - 27% are string and monetary data types
 - 13% have been used zero (0) times



Key Assumptions / Adjustments

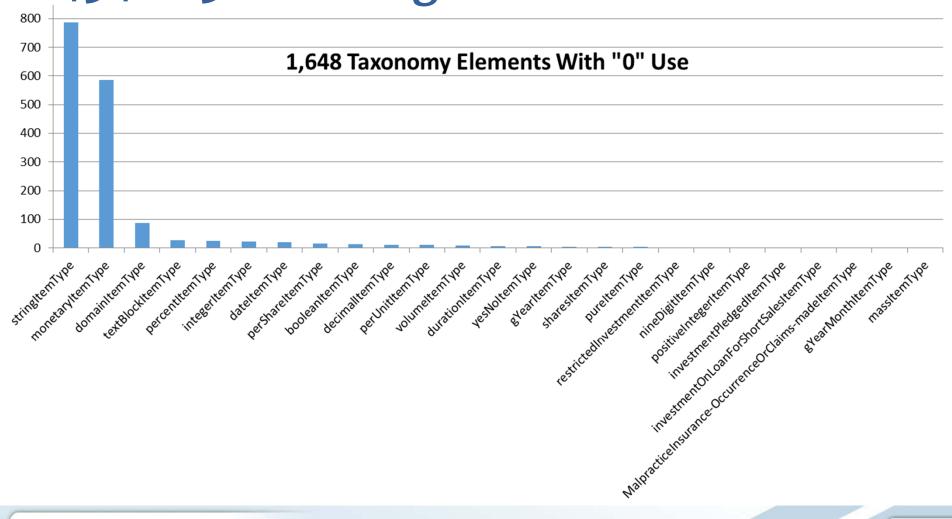
- Focus is on elements available for "tagging," so excluded
 - Abstracts but not domainItemTypes
 - Deprecated elements through 2015 DRAFT
 - DomainItemTypes identified as [Domain]
 - "Period Increase (Decrease)" elements as used in roll forwards
- Approximately 12,500 elements available for "tagging" in the 2015 DRAFT after adjustments for items listed above
- Limited to 2013 10-K filing season. Excluded elements subsequently deprecated or deleted
- Scoped data to zero (0) to five (5) use



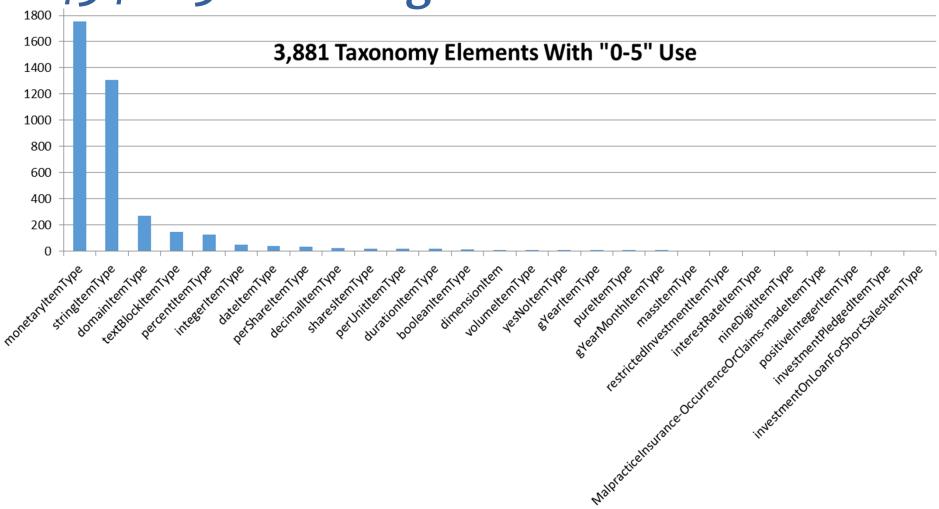
Low Use Element Options

- 1. Leave as is
- 2. Deprecate all elements used five (5) times or less
- 3. Deprecate the zero (0) use elements from 2011 and earlier taxonomies
- 4. Isolate "Future Deprecate" elements into a separate relationship group for the 2015 Taxonomy
 - Include change label with clarification note and solicit feedback in 2015
 - After considering feedback, deprecate with the 2016 Taxonomy
- 5. Consider two-step approach
 - What we can get done for 2015 Taxonomy, i.e., zero (0) use
 - Elements requiring more research for 2016 Taxonomy

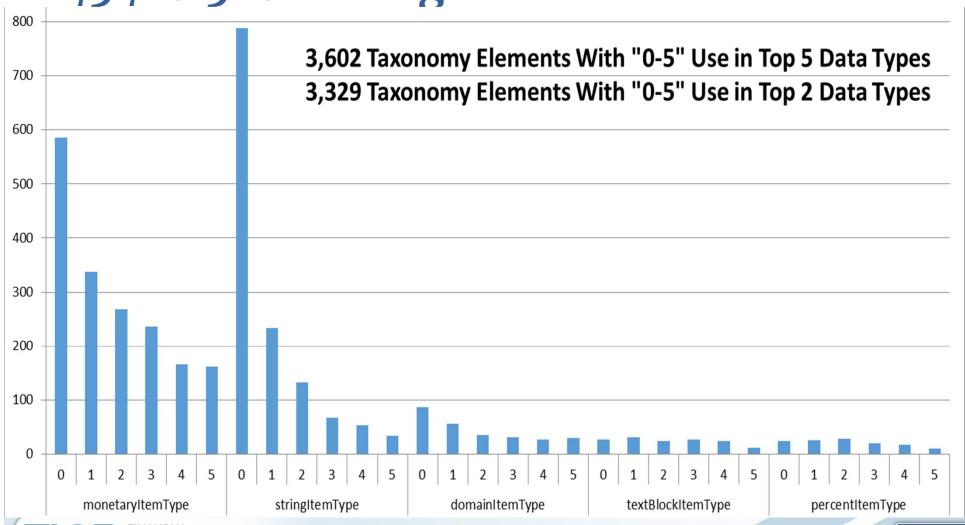




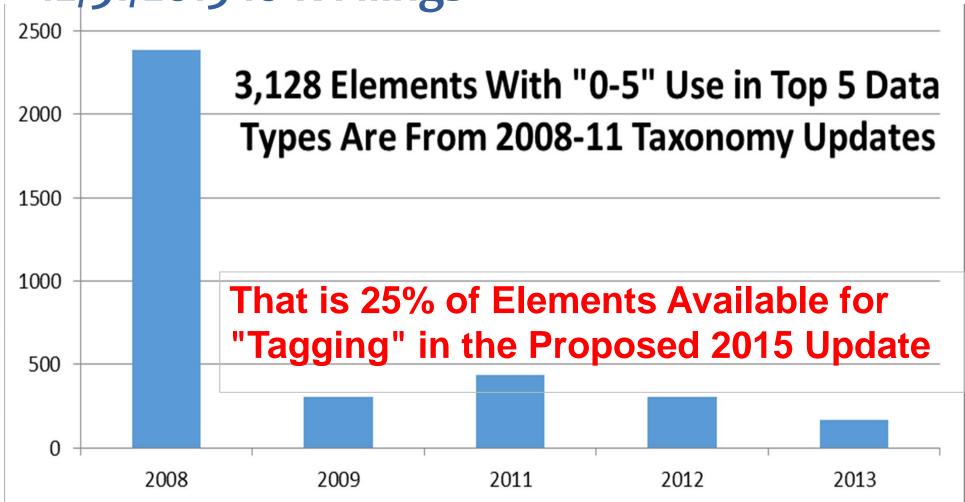














Observations

- Unused/seldom used elements tend to be grouped around disclosure areas—not one-offs spread throughout the taxonomy
- Certain GAAP references have a loose connection to the concept the element represents
- Most of the unused elements relate back to the 2011 and earlier versions of the taxonomy
- Unused elements tend to be very specific

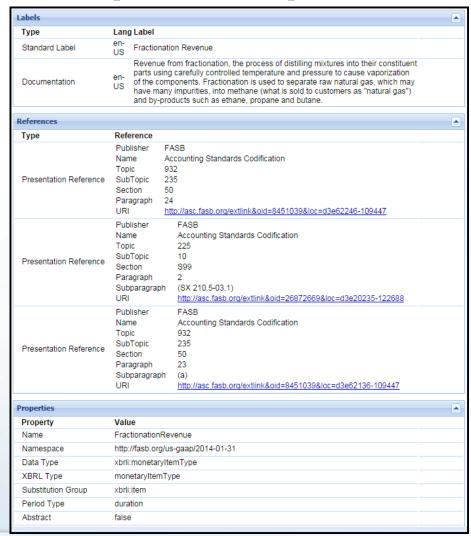


monetaryItemType Elements

- 1,753 monetaryItemType elements on the list:
 - 585 have no usage (385 have references):
 - 368 are from 2009 and earlier
 - 61 are from 2011
 - 337 have been used once (258 have references):
 - 234 are from 2009 and earlier
 - 43 are from 2011

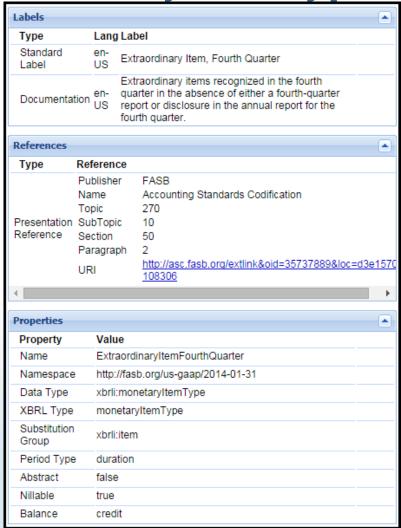


monetaryItemType example 1





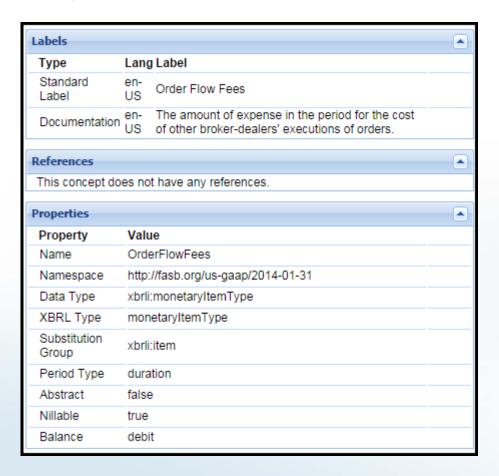
monetaryItemType example 2

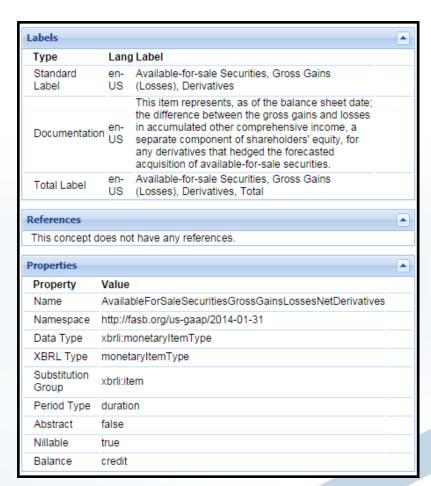


270-10-50-2 If interim financial data and disclosures are not separately reported for the fourth quarter, users of the interim financial information often make inferences about that quarter by subtracting data based on the third quarter interim report from the annual results. In the absence of a separate fourth quarter report or disclosure of the results (as outlined in the preceding paragraph) for that guarter in the annual report, disposals of components of an entity and extraordinary, unusual, or infrequently occurring items recognized in the fourth quarter, as well as the aggregate effect of year-end adjustments that are material to the results of that quarter (see paragraphs 270-10-05-2 and 270-10-45-10) shall be disclosed in the annual report in a note to the annual financial statements. If a publicly traded company that regularly reports interim information makes an accounting change during the fourth quarter of its fiscal year and does not report the data specified by the preceding paragraph in a separate fourth quarter report or in its annual report, the disclosures about the effect of the accounting change on interim periods that are required by paragraphs 270-10-45-12 through 45-14 or by paragraph 250-10-45-15, as appropriate, shall be made in a note to the annual financial statements for the fiscal year in which the change is made.



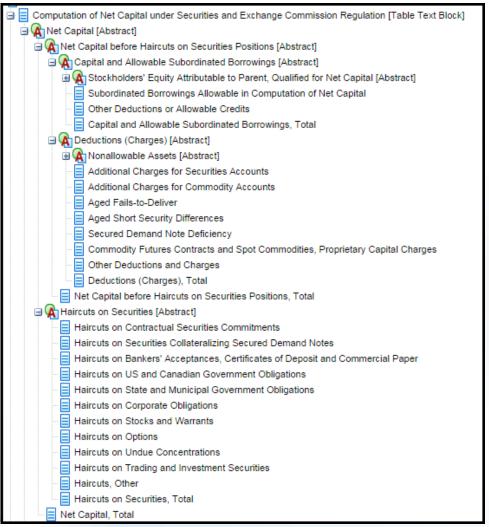
monetaryItemType Examples – No References







Computation of Net Capital





Two Ways to Tag

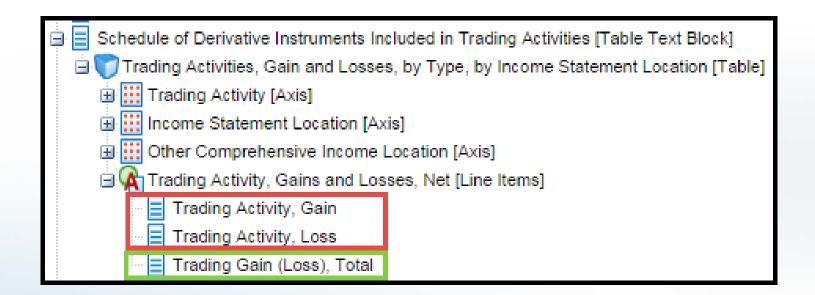






Trading Activity Gain (Loss)

• 815-10-50-4F(a)





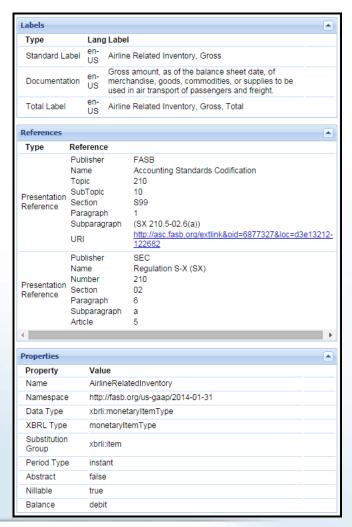
Used One Time



	CALIFORNIA WATER SERVICE GROUP		
	Consolidated Statements of Income		
		_	For the Y 2013 (In thousa
Operating revenue		\$	584,103
Operating expenses:			
Operations:			
Purchased water			183,046
Purchased power			32,220
Pump taxes			10,795



Used One Time



	Southwest Airlines Co. Consolidated Balance Sheet (in millions, except share data)		
	_	December 31, 2013	
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,355	
Short-term investments		1,797	
Accounts and other receivables		419	
Inventories of parts and supplies, at cost		467	
Deferred income taxes		168	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		250	
Total current assets		4,456	



Unused Cash Flow Elements

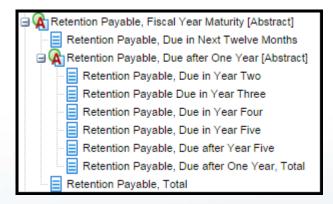
Not Quantified:

- IncreaseDecreaseInCoalInventories
- IncreaseDecreaseInOverEnergyRecovery
- IncreaseDecreaseInSpotCommodities
- IncreaseDecreaseInTimeDepositsForeign
- IncreaseDecreaseInExploitationLiabilities
- IncreaseDecreaseInSpotCommodities
- StormDamageProvision
- PaymentsForDemandSideManagementProgram
- ProceedsFromDelayedTaxExemptExchange
- AdjustmentPlantCapacity



Unused/Seldom Used Roll Forwards





-	Time Sharing Transactions, Aggregate Maturities of Notes Receivable, Gross [Abstract]
	Time Sharing Transactions, Maturities of Notes Receivable, Year One
	Time Sharing Transactions, Maturities of Notes Receivable, Year Two
	Time Sharing Transactions, Maturities of Notes Receivable, Year Three
	Time Sharing Transactions, Maturities of Notes Receivable, Year Four
	Time Sharing Transactions, Maturities of Notes Receivable, Year Five
	Time Sharing Transactions, Maturities of Notes Receivable, Future Years
	Time Sharing Transactions, Aggregate Maturities of Notes Receivable, Gross, Total

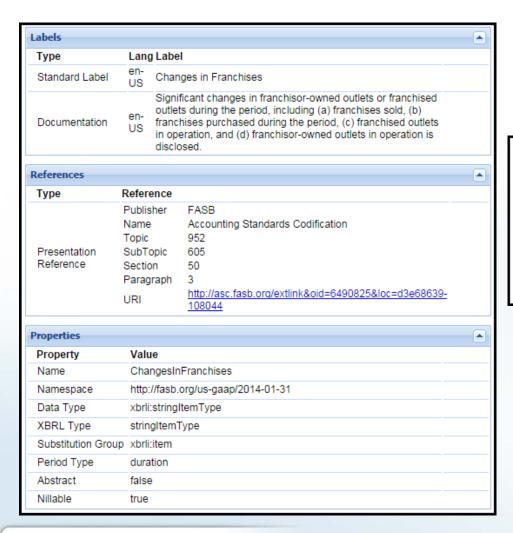


stringItemType Elements

- 1,308 stringItemType elements on the list:
 - 788 have no usage (687 have references):
 - 671 are from 2009 and earlier
 - 79 are from 2011
 - 233 have been used once (211 have references):
 - 192 are from 2009 and earlier
 - 30 are from 2011



stringItemType Example 1

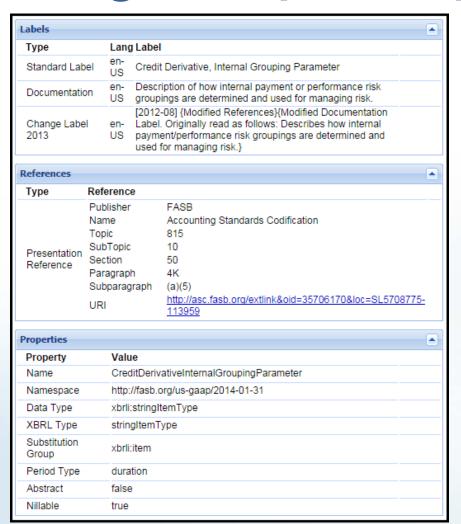


952-605-50-3 If there are significant changes in **franchisor**-owned outlets or franchised outlets during the period, the number of the following shall be disclosed:

- a. Franchises sold
- b. Franchises purchased during the period
- c. Franchised outlets in operation
- d. Franchisor-owned outlets in operation.

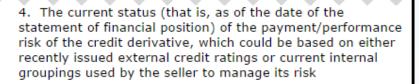


stringItemType Example 2



815-10-50-4K A seller of credit derivatives shall disclose information about its credit derivatives and hybrid instruments (for example, a credit-linked note) that have embedded credit derivatives to enable users of financial statements to assess their potential effect on its financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. Specifically, for each statement of financial position presented, the seller of a credit derivative shall disclose all of the following information for each credit derivative, or each group of similar credit derivatives, even if the likelihood of the seller's having to make any payments under the credit derivative is remote:

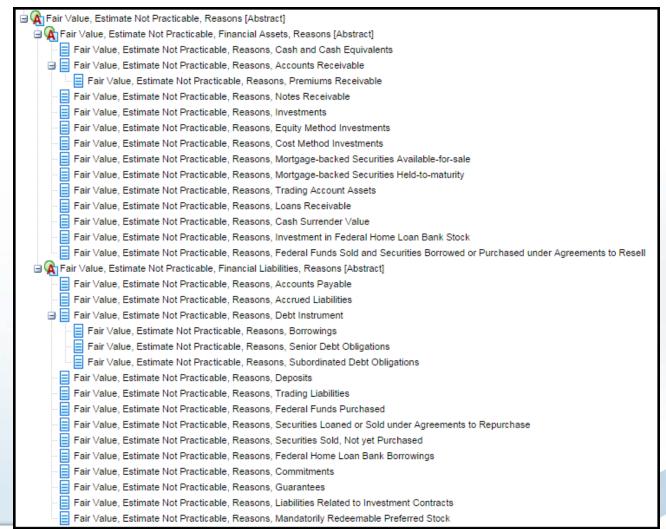
 a. The nature of the credit derivative, including all of the following:



 If the entity uses internal groupings for purposes of item (a)(4), how those groupings are determined and used for managing risk.



Fair Value Estimate Not Practicable, Reasons



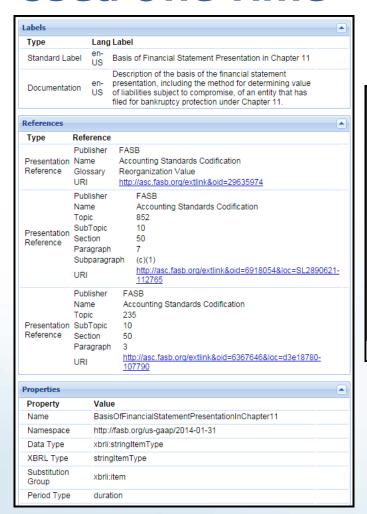


Financial Statement Locations

- ~43 stringItemType elements (not all listed):
 - DescriptionOfLocationOfForeignCurrencyCashFlowHedgeDerivativesOnBalanceSheet
 - DescriptionOfLocationOfGainLossOnForeignCurrencyDerivative
 eInFinancialStatements
 - DescriptionOfLocationOfHybridInstrumentsOnBalanceSheet
 - NoncontrollingInterestBalanceSheetLocation
 - DescriptionOfLocationOfGainLossOnPriceRiskDerivativeOnIncomeStatement
 - RealEstateOwnedFinancialStatementCaption
 - DeconsolidationGainOrLossIfNotPresentedSeparatelyFinancial StatementCaption



Used One Time



Company Name: *EASTMAN KODAK CO*

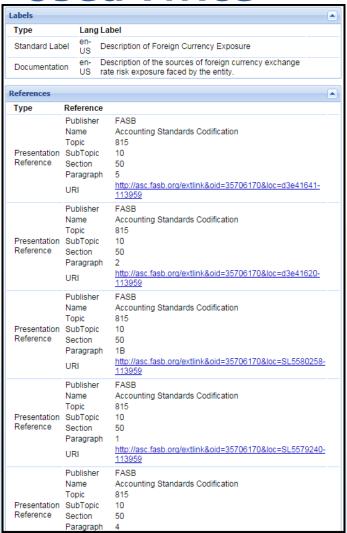
Period: Y, 2013

Filing Date: 2014-03-19

BASIS OF PRESENTATIONOn January 19, 2012 (the "Petition Date"), Eastman Kodak Company ("EKC" or the "Company") and if U.S. subsidiaries (collectively, the "Debtors") filed voluntary petitions for relief (the "Bankruptcy Filing") under chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Cout (the "Bankruptcy Code") in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York (the "Bankruptcy Court"). The cases (the "Chapter 11 Cases") were jointly administered as Case No.12-10202 (ALG) under the caption "In re Eastman Kodak Company." The Debtors operated their businesses as "debtors-in-possession" under the jurisdiction of the Bankruptcy Court and in accordance with the applicable provisions of chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code and the orders of the Bankruptcy Court until their emergence from bankruptcy. The Company's foreign subsidiaries (collectively, the "Non-Filing Entities were not part of the Chapter 11 Cases, and continued to operate in the ordinary course of business. Upon emergence from bankruptcy on September 3, 2013, Kodak adopted fresh-start accounting which resulted in Kodak's becoming a new entity for financial reporting purposes. Kodak applied fresh start accounting as of September 1, 2013. As a result of the application of fresh start accounting and the effects of the implementation of the plan of reorganization, the financial statements on or after September 1, 2013 are not comparable with the financial statements prior to that date. Refer to Note 3, "Fresh Start Accounting" for additional information. Subsequent to the Petition Date, all expenses, gains and losses directly associated with the reorganization proceedings are reported as Reorganization items, net in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations. In addition, Liabilities subject to compromise during the chapter 11 proceedings were distinguished from liabilities of the Company's foreign subsidiaries that were not part of the Chapter 1



Used Twice



Company Name: Viewtran Group, Inc.

Period: Y, 2013

Filing Date: 2014-05-16

USD1.0000 = RMB6.0537

Company Name: EFACTOR GROUP CORP.

Period: Y, 2013

Filing Date: 2014-03-10

Foreign currency and foreign currency transactions - Balance sheet accounts of MCC International located in United Kingdom are translated from Sterling (GBP) into U.S. dollars at period-end exchange rates, and income and expense accounts are translated at average exchange rates during the period. Translation gains or losses related to net assets located in the United Kingdom are recorded as unrealized foreign currency translation adjustments within accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in stockholders' equity. Gains and losses resulting from foreign currency transactions (transactions denominated in a currency other than the entity's functional currency) are included in general and administrative expense — net in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

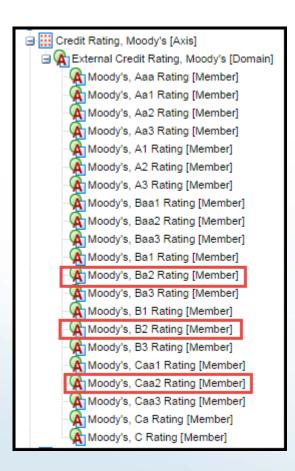


domainItemType Elements

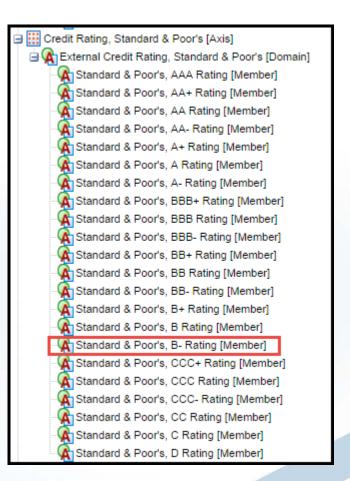
- 268 elements on the list:
 - 87 have no usage (39 have references):
 - 57 are from 2009 and earlier
 - 10 are from 2011
 - 56 have been used once (19 have references):
 - 44 are from 2009 and earlier
 - 6 are from 2011



Unused Members







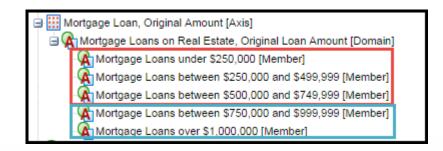


Unused/Seldom Used Members





Unused/Seldom Used Members



>>> Regulation S-X Rule 12-29, Mortgage Loans on Real Estate

S99-1 The following is the text of Regulation S-X Rule 12-29, Mortgage Loans on Real Estate.

Reg. § 210.12-29 Mortgage Loans on Real Estate 1

(For certain real estate companies)

Column A	Column B	Column C	Column D	Column E	Column F	Column G	Column H
Description ^{2,3,4}	Interest rate	Final maturity date	Periodic payment terms ⁵	Prior liens	Face amount of mortgages	Carrying amount of mortgages ^{3,6,7,8,9}	Principal amount of loans subject to delinquent principal or interest ¹⁰

- All money columns shall be totaled.
- 2 The required information is to be given for each individual mortgage loan which exceeds three percent of the total of column G.
- 3 If the portfolio includes large numbers of mortgages most of which are less than three percent of column G, the mortgages not required to be reported separately should be grouped by classifications that will indicate the dispersion of the portfolio, i.e., for a portfolio of mortgages on single family residential housing. The description should also include number of loans by original loan amounts (e.g., over \$100,000, \$50,000-\$99,999, \$20,000-\$49,000, under \$20,000) and type loan (e.g., VA, FHA, Conventional). Interest rates and maturity dates may be stated in terms of ranges. Data required by columns D, E and F may be omitted for mortgages not required to be reported individually.
- 4 Loans should be grouped by categories, e.g., first mortgage, second mortgage, construction loans, etc., and for each loan the type of property, e.g., shopping center, high rise apartments, etc., and its geographic locations should be stated.



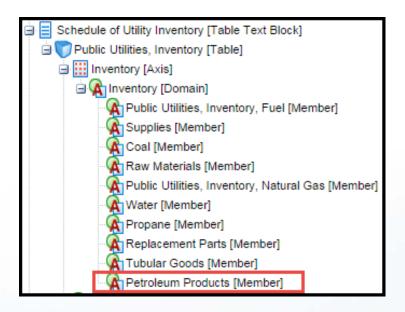
Used One Time



depreciated based upon five-year estimated useful lives. In August 2012, the Company transferred an Exer-Rest unit with a net book value of \$1,000 from long-lived assets to inventory.



Used Three Times



At December 31, 2013, we had \$582.8 million borrowed under our credit facility, with \$80.8 million of the borrowed amount designated as a loan under the inventory sublimit. The credit agreement allows up to \$100 million of the

Inventor	ies	De	cember 31, 2013
	Petroleum and related products	\$	344,403
	Coal		1,886
	Natural gas		1,818
	Total inventories	\$	348,107

Imbalances

We experience volume gains and losses, which we sometimes refer to as imbalances, within our pipeling terminals and storage facilities due to pressure and temperature changes, evaporation and variances in mereadings and in other measurement methods. Under our Transportation Services Agreement (High Plane Pipeline System), we retain 0.20% of the crude oil shipped on our common carrier pipeline in North Dake and Montana (the "High Plains Pipeline"), and we bear any crude oil volume losses in excess of that amount under the provisions of our Second Amended and Restated Master Terminalling Services Agreement, retain 0.25% of the refined products we handle at our Anchorage, legacy Boise, Burley, Stockton are Vancouver for high for Tesora and we hear any refined products we handle at our specific that amount is in excess of that amount the provisions of the refined products we handle at our specific that amount the provisions of the refined products we handle at our specific that amount the provisions of the refined products we handle at our specific that amount the provisions of the refined products we handle at our specific that amount the provisions of the refined products are provided to the provision of the refined products are provided to the provision of the p

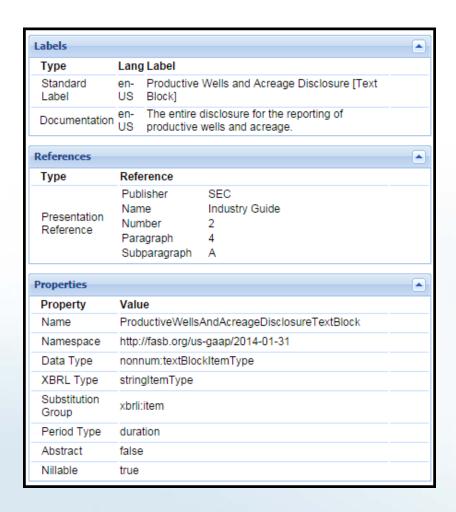


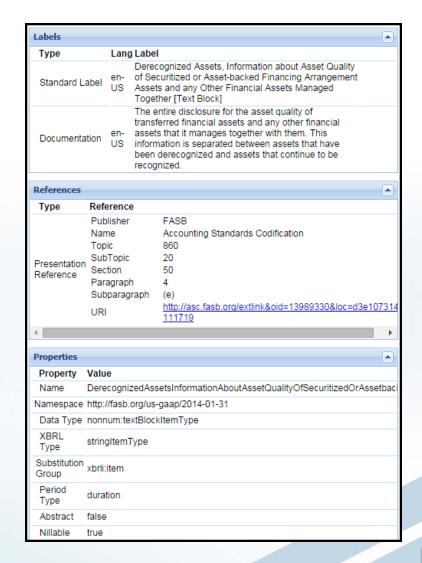
textBlockItemType Elements

- 147 textBlockItemType elements on the list:
 - 27 have no usage (21 have references):
 - 17 are from 2009 and earlier
 - 8 are from 2011
 - 32 have been used once (25 have references):
 - 24 are from 2009 and earlier
 - 5 are from 2011



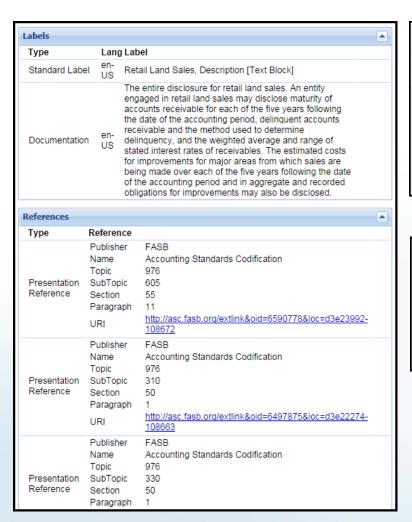
Unused Disclosure Text Blocks







Used Twice - Disclosure Text Blocks



Company Name: FIRST EQUITY PROPERTIES INC

Period: Y, 2013

Filing Date: 2014-04-14

NOTE C - LAND

On December 31, 2010 the Company owned various parcels of undeveloped land which consist of approximately 7.53 acres of Kelly Lots Land located in Farmers Branch, TX, approximately 6.916 acres of Vineyard Land located in Grapevine, TX and approximately 5.618 acres and 6.25 acres of Nashville Land located in Nashville, TN all purchased from a related party. On April 1, 2011 the Company purchased approximately 3.028 acres of Seminary West Land located in Fort Worth, Texas and 6.796 acres of Travis Ranch Land located in Kaufman County, Texas from a related party. On November 30, 2011 the Company purchased approximately 23.237 acres known as Cooks Lane located in Fort Worth, TX from a related party. On April 1, 2012 the Company sold Kelly Lot Development, Inc., which held all of the Company's investments in real estate, including all debt associated with the land to Tacco Financial, Inc. ("TFT"), a related party and realized a \$259.071 gain on sale.

Company Name: CKX LANDS, INC.

Period: Y, 2013

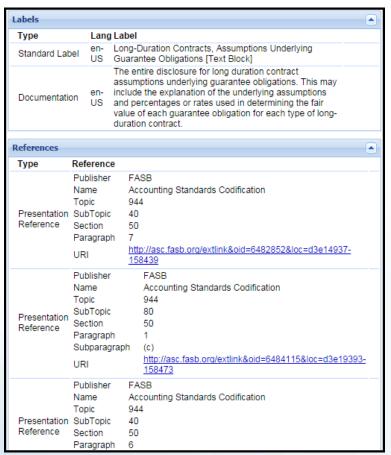
Filing Date: 2014-03-24

Note 3. Land Sale

During the first quarter of 2012, the Company sold 80 acres of land for \$160,000 and reported a gain of \$124,000. At March 31, 2012, this transaction was structured as a "deferred exchange using a qualified intermediary" pursuant to Paragraph 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code (1031 Exchange) for income tax purposes and as such the gain of \$124,000 was deferred for income tax purposes. During July, 2012, the Company determined that it would not be able to complete the 1031 Exchange and the \$159,000 held by the intermediary was returned to the Company. At June 30, 2012, the Company recorded the \$124,000 gain as current for income tax purposes.



Used Once - Disclosure Text Blocks



Company Name: CHANCELLOR GROUP INC.

Period: Y, 2013

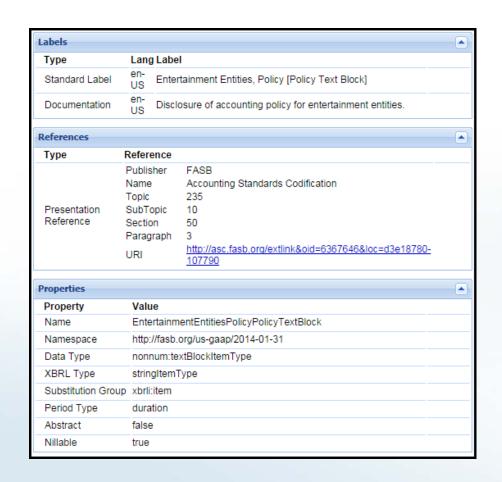
Filing Date: 2014-03-31

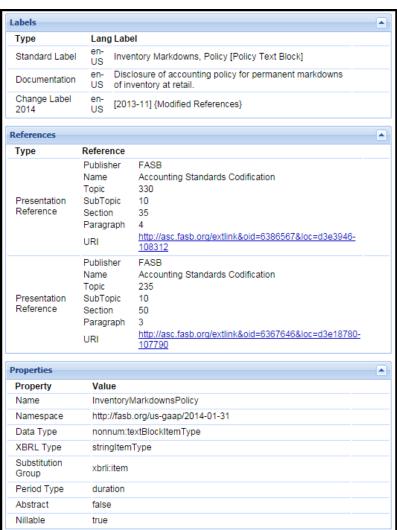
NOTE 5. CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

On February 25, 2013, the Company entered into a twelve month agreement with a new investor relations consultant, which pays the consultant a fee of \$9,000 monthly for the period from February 2013 through July 2013. In addition, the Company granted 1,000,000 shares of common stock to the consultant upon execution of the agreement. The Company recognized \$104,500 in consulting fees related to this agreement for 2013 and also still has \$9,500 in related prepaid expenses in current assets as of December 31, 2013. On May 1, 2013, Fuelist entered into a lease agreement with a related party limited liability company for the Company's main office, located in Berkeley, California. The lease term is for one year beginning on May 1, 2013 and ending May 1, 2014. The Company is obligated to pay rent of \$6,000 per year in equal monthly installments of \$500 payable on the 1st of each month. The Company subsequently entered into a sublease agreement with another related party entity in which it was not legally relieved of its primary obligation for the lease agreement. The Company recognized \$10,800 in sub-lease rent revenue in other income and \$11,600 in rent expense in other operating expenses, relation to these agreements during the year ended December 31, 2013.



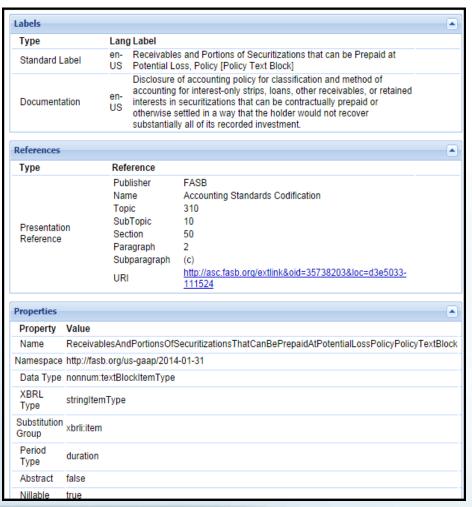
Unused Policy Text Blocks



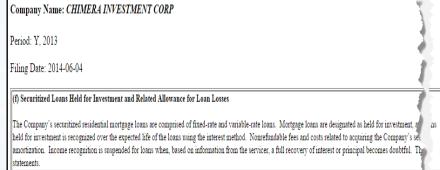




Used Four Times - Policy Text Block

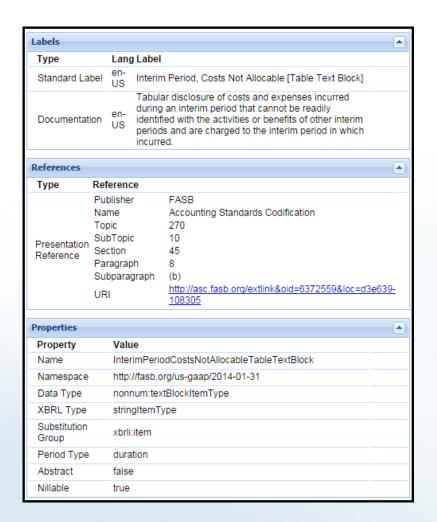


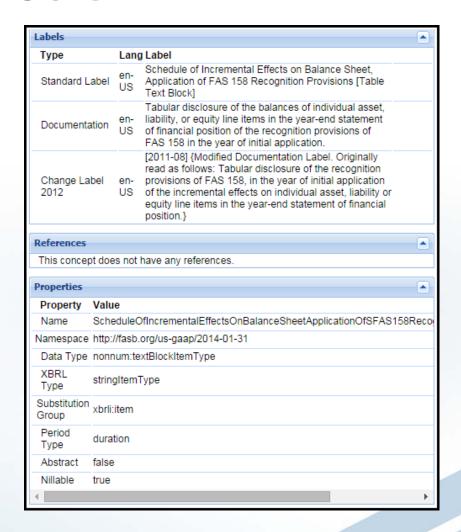
ompany Name: TELETOUCH COMMUNICATIONS II	NC			
eriod: 3QCUM, 2013				
iling Date: 2013-04-15				
repaid expenses and other current assets: The Company records ce	ertain expenses that are paid for in a	dvance of t	neir use or co	nsumption as a cu
he components of prepaid expenses and other current assets at Februa	ary 28, 2013 and May 31, 2012 are	as follows (n thousands)	·
	ary 20, 2015 and 112ay 51, 2012 are		,	
	Februar	y 28,	Ma	ıy 31,
		y 28,	Ma	y 31, 012
repaid Dallas Cowboy's suite lease expense	Februar	y 28,	Ma	ry 31, 012 185
repaid Dallas Cowboy's suite lease expense repaid legal fees	Februar	y 28, 3	Ma	ny 31, 012 185 42
repaid Dallas Cowboy's suite lease expense repaid legal fees repaid insurance premiums	Februar	y 28,	Ma	ny 31, 012 185 42 201
repaid Dallas Cowboy's suite lease expense repaid legal fees repaid insurance premiums avestor relations expense	Februar	y 28, 3 31 - 80	Ma	185 42 201 86
repaid Dallas Cowboy's suite lease expense repaid legal fees repaid insurance premiums avestor relations expense ecurity deposits	Februar	y 28, 3 31 - 80 - 63	Ma	ny 31, 012 185 42 201
repaid Dallas Cowboy's suite lease expense repaid legal fees repaid insurance premiums avestor relations expense	Februar	y 28, 3 31 - 80	Ma	185 42 201 86





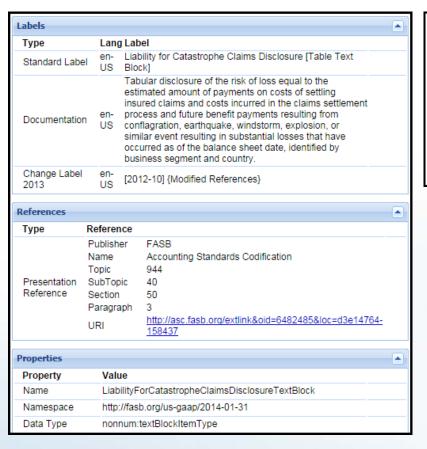
Unused Table Text Blocks







Used Three Times - Table Text Blocks



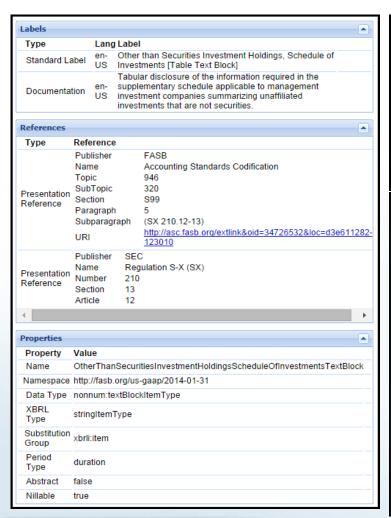
Company Name: E-WORLD USA HOLDING,INC		
Period: Y, 2013		
Filing Date: 2014-03-21		
The following table summarizes Type A warrant activity during 2012 and 2011. There were no	Type A warrant activitie	value
Type A Warrants December 31, 2010	24.167.288	\$ 7,701,757
Redeemed	(18,000)	(26,549)
December 31, 2011	24,149,288	7,675,208
Redeemed	(24,149,288)	(7,675,208)
December 31, 2012		\$ -

Company Name: SWIFT TRANSPORTATION Co.

Company Name: 57/11/1 TRAINST ORTAITON CO						
Period: Y, 2013						
Filing Date: 2014-02-28						
As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, claims accruals were (in thousands):						
	2013	2012				
		(Recast)				
Auto and collision liability	\$102,462	\$93,798				
Workers' compensation liability	70,145	64,237				
Owner-operator claims liability	8,610	13,402				
Group medical liability	9,946	11,709				
Cargo damage liability	2,888	2,360				
Claims accrual	194,051	185,506				
Less: current portion	75,469	86,587				
Long-term claim accruals	\$118,582	\$ 98,919				



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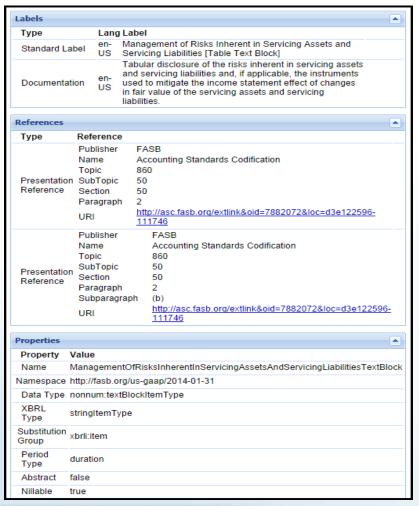


Company Name: PHOENIA COMPANIES INCIDE					
Period: Y, 2013					
Filing Date: 2014-08-06					
Limited partnerships and other investments					
Limited Partnerships and Other Investments: As of December 31,					
(\$ in millions)	2013	2012			
Limited partnerships					
Private equity funds	\$ 243.4	\$ 241.7			
Mezzanine funds	180.4	202.1			
Infrastructure funds	38.1	42.5			
Hedge funds	13.0	14.3			
Mortgage and real estate funds	3.3	5.4			
Leveraged leases	16.8	17.9			
Direct equity investments	42.5	29.2			
Life settlements	21.6	21.0			
Other alternative assets	2.8	3.2			
Limited partnerships and other investments	\$ 561.9	\$ 577.3			
Amounts applicable to the closed block	\$ 345.3	\$ 353.1			

Company Name: PHOENIX COMPANIES INC/DE



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Company Name: MASTERCARD INC

Period: Y, 2013

Filing Date: 2014-02-14

The Company's estimated settlement exposure from MasterCard, Cirrus and Maestro branded transactions was as follows

		December 31, 2013		December 31, 2012	
	(in millions)				
Gross settlement exposure	\$	\$ 40,657 \$ 37,768			
Collateral held for settlement exposure	(3,167) (3,7			(3,775)	
Net uncollateralized settlement exposure	\$	37,490	\$	33,993	

Company Name: iWallet Corp

Period: 1H, 2014

Filing Date: 2014-08-19

Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Company's cash balances are maintained in bank accounts in the United States. Deposits held in banks in the United States are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor:

The Company performs on-going credit evaluations of its customers' financial condition and generally does not require collateral from its customers. For the six months during the six months ended June 30, 2013. For the three months ended June 30, 2014, one customer accounted for 30% and another for 19% of the Company's revenue, the accounts receivable balance. As of December 31, 2013 one customer accounted for 100% of the accounts receivable balance.

Economics Dependence

For the period ended June 30, 2014 the Company purchased 100% (2013 - 100%) of its wallet inventory from one vendor.





