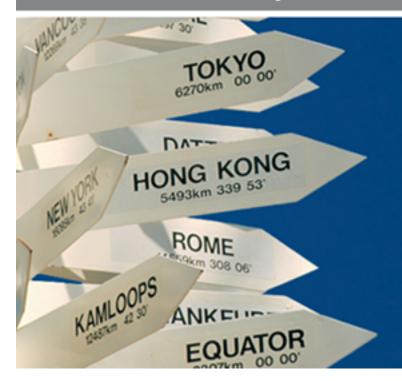
#### International Accounting Standards Committee Foundation XBRL team



Analyst Representative Group
Global Preparers Forum
10 November 2009

**AGENDA PAPER 6** 

# XBRL Update on ARG/GPF meeting

London, 10 November 2009

#### **IASC Foundation**

The views expressed in this presentation are those of the presenter, not necessarily those of the IASC Foundation or the IASB



### What do we provide

#### Main deliverables

- A licence-free IFRS Taxonomy\* consistent with the IFRS Bound Volume and follows a due process similar to the IASB
- Translations of the Taxonomy (priority for Arabic, Chinese, Dutch, French, German, Italian, Japanese and Spanish)
- The IFRS Taxonomy Guide, for issuers and preparers, analysts, accountants, regulators, software vendors and service providers
- The IFRS Taxonomy Module Manager, an online tool which helps users to modularize the taxonomy according to their requirements
- The IFRS Taxonomy Illustrated provides a high-level overview of the content of the IFRS Taxonomy in a non-technical language

#### Other forms of support and cooperation

- The Field Testing Initiative
- The Interoperable Taxonomy Architecture (ITA), initiative to align architectures of the IFRS, US GAAP and EDINET taxonomies conducted by IASC Foundation, US SEC, Japan FSA and EC as observer
- XBRL Standards Board and various XBRL International working groups and committees
- FINREP permanent observer, ECCBSO permanent observer, Software Vendors contact channel, XBRL International
- Direct Contact with major stakeholders



<sup>\*</sup> an ED of the IFRS for SMEs Taxonomy is released in Sept 2009

## **Organisation**

IASCF XBRL Team Olivier Servais - Director of XBRL Activities

Maciej Piechocki - Project Manager Technology

Holger Obst – Project Manager Accounting

Haiko Philip – Project Assistant

Danielle Pham - Executive Assistant

XBRL Advisory Council 13 members + 5 appointed observers with global representativeness

Strategic advice

Meetings - twice a year (F2F) and quarterly CC

XBRL Quality Review Team

18 members + 5 appointed observers with global representativeness

Review taxonomies; strategic advice; practical recommendations on taxonomy quality

Meetings – twice a year (F2F) and monthly CC

XBRL Board Advisors

Six Board members + COO + Director of Technical Activities + XBRL Team

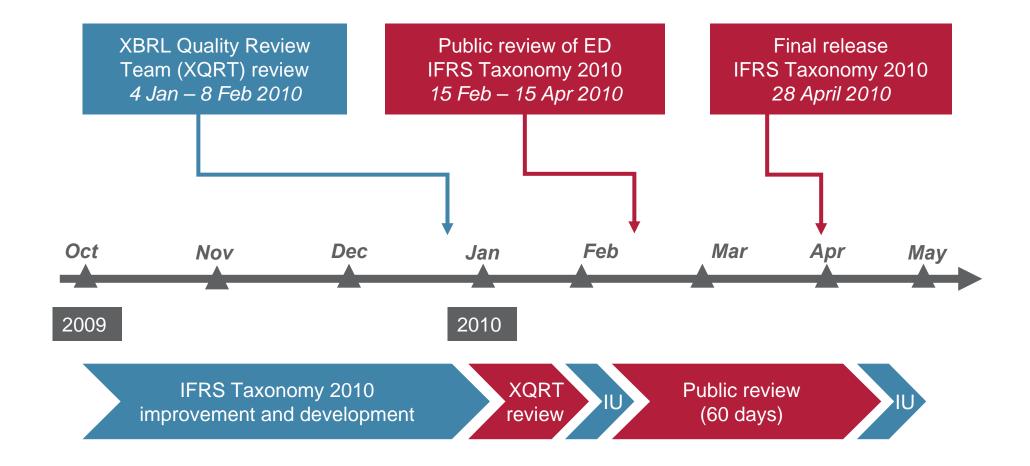
Monthly discussions - vision & strategy; the role of XBRL in IASB developments

IASCF Trustees Quarterly update

Review on all XBRL activities

# **IFRS Taxonomy 2010**

### **Development and release timeline**





# **IFRS Taxonomy Development**

### **Major Requirements**

- Business requirements:
  - Timeline: as close as possible, the development of the IFRS taxonomy is aligned with the IASB delivery timetable. This
    requirement is addressed mostly by aligning the IFRS taxonomy development stages with the publication time line for the
    yearly Bound Volume.
  - Consistency: at any time, the IFRS taxonomy needs to reflect and to be consistent with the IFRSs.
- Functional requirements
  - Interoperability: the IFRS taxonomy shall ensure interoperability between different software systems.
  - Flexibility: the IFRS taxonomy shall be usable across different scenarios in the financial reporting supply chain where
    IFRSs are implemented (increasing market transparency, supporting better analysis, reducing reporting burden, enhancing
    regulation and supervision) as well as across different geographic regions.
  - Extensibility: same as the goal of the IFRSs the IFRS taxonomy should ensure comparability of financial information which should not be confused with mere uniformity. Users of the IFRS taxonomy are allowed to extend it for their specific needs.
  - Stability: the IFRS taxonomy is supposed to be used by a large number of participants of the financial reporting supply chain. Therefore the technical and accounting design must ensure possibly high stability and sustainability of the IFRS taxonomy. This should not be confused with the continuous alignment with the IFRSs which will be triggering necessary adjustments to the IFRS taxonomy from accounting perspective.
- Technical requirements
  - Compliance with XBRL technical specifications: the IFRS taxonomy shall be compliant with any specification recommended by the XBRL International.
  - Consideration of new XBRL technologies: The XBRL activities should consider impact of new technologies (specifications) developed by XBRL International and how they impact the IFRS taxonomy.



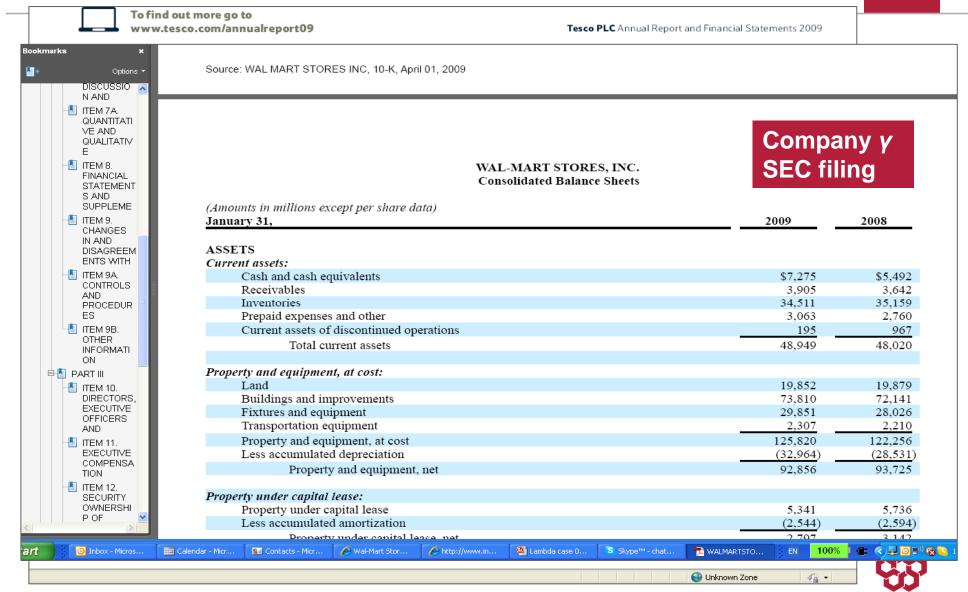
# Context of companies $\alpha$ , $\beta$ and $\gamma$

	Company <i>α</i>	Company β	Company γ		
Country of operation	Based in Belgium Operates in 7 countries	Based in the UK Operates in 14 countries	Based in the US Operates in 14 countries		
Industry	Food retail				
Revenue	€19 billion	£59 billion	\$401.2 billion		
Net profit	€467 million	£2.9 billion	\$13.4 billion		
Listing	Euronext and NYSE	LSE	NYSE		
Regulating bodies	Belgian CBFA US SEC	UK FSA	US SEC		
Accounts held	IFRS (since 2004)	IFRS (since 2004)	US GAAP		
Financial statements provided to	Investors/analysts Belgian CBFA US SEC	Investors/analysts UK FSA	Investors/analysts US SEC		
Other filing criteria	Compliant with IFRSs		Compliant with US GAAP		
	Different reporting periods (quarterly, yearly) Different sets of information (different jurisdictions)				

#### 7

# Sample financial statements

The PPE case

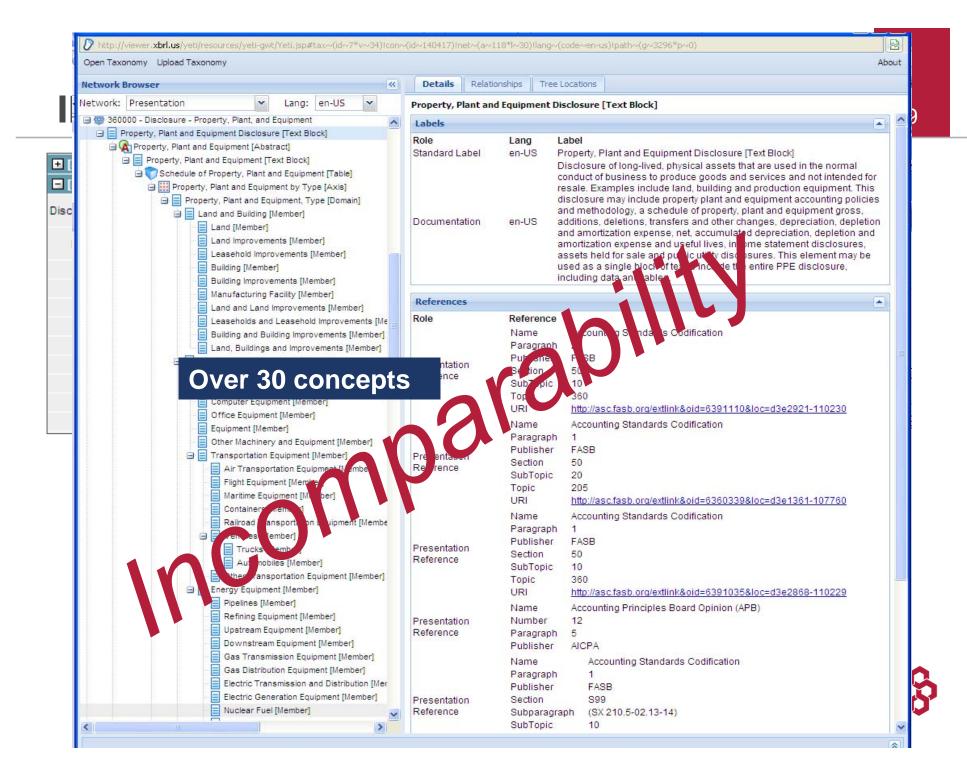


# Sample financial statements

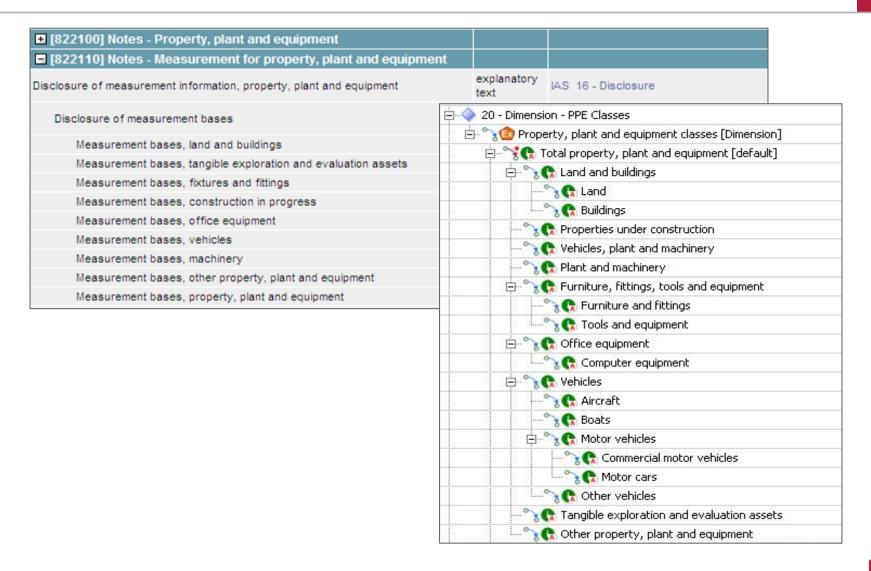
### The Income Statement case

Supplementary Historical Information Financial Overview	Certification of Responsible Persons	Report of the Statutory Auditor		ry Statutory Accounts e Group SA
Consolidated Statemer	nts of Cash Flow	'S		
(in millions of EUR)		200	8 2007	2006
Operating activities				
Group share in net profit	46	7 410	352	
Net profit attributable to minority interest	1	2 15	9	
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation and amortization - continuing operati		47		495
Depreciation and amortization - discontinued oper	rations		2 1	8
Impairment - continuing operations		2	0 15	3
Impairment - discontinued operations			8 (1)	65
Allowance for losses on accounts receivable and	inventory obsolescence	1	5 11	12
Share-based compensation		2	1 22	23
Income taxes		21	7 203	242
Finance costs		21	4 350	300
Income from investments		(14	1) (37)	(20)
Other non-cash items		(6	3) (7)	2
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Inventories		(16	6) (49)	(56)
Receivables		(52	2) (61)	(71)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(26	6)	(9)	
Accounts payable	(9)	7) (9)	112	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	2	8 75	13	
Provisions	(25	5) (13)	(32)	
Interest paid	(198	3) (254)	(292)	
Interest received			3 15	19
Income taxes paid		(130	0) (223)	(265)
Net cash provided by operating activities		92	7 932	910
Investing activities				
Business acquisitions, net of cash and cash equivalents acquired			)) -	-
Business disposals, net of cash and cash equivalents disposed			- 119	-
Purchase of tangible and intangible assets (capital expenditures)			1) (729)	(700)
Sale of tangible and intangible assets	-	0 24	16	
Investment in debt securities	(66	, ,	(102)	
Sale and maturity of debt securities	7	3 52	75	
Purchase of other financial assets		- (20)	-	
Sale and maturity of other financial assets		7 1	2	
Settlement of derivative instruments			- (1)	(13)





### **UK IFRS Extensions**





## **Potential developers**

Pro's and Con's of IFRS Taxonomy Extensions being created by ...

	Pro's	Con's		
Issuers / preparers	Customised to specific entity needs	High risk of incomparability between entities		
	Quickly developed	Cost multiplied by # of companies		
Regulators / supervisors	Less incomparability between entities (within the regulator's business area)	Risk of incomparability (outside of the regulator's business area)		
	the regulator's business area)	Potentially slower process		
		Specific to regulator's jurisdiction		
	Cost supported locally	Rejection of IFRS (taxonomy) because of lack of overlap		
Accounting standard- setters	No risk of incomparability between entities	Extensions perceived as new standards		
	Based on US approach which has proven results	Costs		
	Extensions today could lead to new standards tomorrow	Potentially limited consideration for local requirements		
	Control of costs			

There is no one good solution!



## The way we plan to go

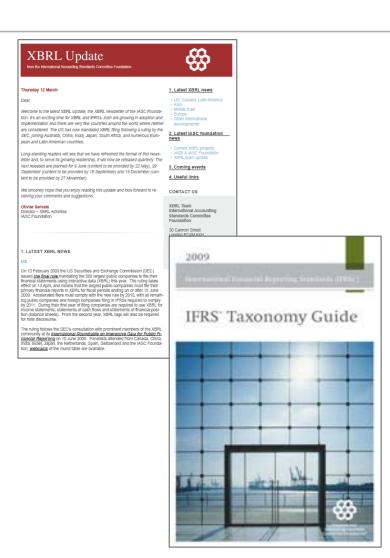
- Collecting illustrative financial statements and identify 'common practice concepts'
- Aggregating existing concepts/extensions and making them available on the IASCF website (clearing house)
- Consider the inception of a new body (i.e. draft a
   Business Plan, initiate contacts, prepare a charter) for a
   collaborative development of Extensions



### Contact us

**\***+44 (0)207 246 6410

www.iasb.org/xbrl





### Demo

#### Mastercard

- HTML form (example Mastercard 10-Q http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1141391/000119312509159733/d10q.htm)
- Interactive Data aka XBRL files (second table for Mastercard <a href="http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1141391/000119312509159733/0001193125-09-159733-index.htm">http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1141391/000119312509159733/0001193125-09-159733-index.htm</a>)
- Visualised XBRL filing for Mastercard <a href="http://www.sec.gov/cgi-bin/viewer?action=view&cik=1141391&accession\_number=0001193125-09-159733">http://www.sec.gov/cgi-bin/viewer?action=view&cik=1141391&accession\_number=0001193125-09-159733</a>
- https://xbrlviewer.bowne.com/
- http://investorrelations.mastercardintl.com/phoenix.zhtml?c=148835&p=irol-sec

#### Compare

- Filings <a href="http://xbrl.squarespace.com/storage/secdemos/CompareFilings.htm">http://xbrl.squarespace.com/storage/secdemos/CompareFilings.htm</a>
- Taxonomies
   <a href="http://www.xbrlsite.com/Demos/CompareExtensionConcepts/CompareExtensionConcepts/CompareExtensionConcepts/CompareExtensionConcepts/Run.aspx">http://www.xbrlsite.com/Demos/CompareExtensionConcepts/CompareExtensionConcepts/CompareExtensionConcepts/Run.aspx</a>
   Run.aspx