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International Accounting Standards Board

This observer note is provided as a convenience to observers at IFRIC meetings, to assist them in following the IFRIC's discussion. Views expressed in this document are identified by the staff as a basis for the discussion at the IFRIC meeting. This document does not represent an official position of the IFRIC. Decisions of the IFRIC are determined only after extensive deliberation and due process. IFRIC positions are set out in Interpretations.

Note: The observer note is based on the staff paper prepared for the IFRIC. Paragraph numbers correspond to paragraph numbers used in the IFRIC paper. However, because the observer note is less detailed, some paragraph numbers are not used.

INFORMATION FOR OBSERVERS

IFRIC Meeting:	March 2009, London
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Project: IFRS 3R Customer-related intangible assets (Agenda Paper 4A)

- In November 2008 the IFRIC published a tentative agenda decision not to add an item to its agenda to provide guidance on the circumstances in which a non-contractual customer relationship arises in a business combination.
- 2. No comment letters were received.

Staff Recommendation

3. Therefore the staff recommends that the agenda decision be finalised as published for comment. The wording is reproduced in Appendix A.

Question for the IFRIC

4. Does the IFRIC agree with the staff recommendation?

Appendix A Final Agenda Decision

Customer-related intangible assets

The IFRIC received a request to add an item to its agenda to provide guidance on the circumstances in which a non-contractual customer relationship arises in a business combination. IFRS 3 *Business Combinations* (as revised in 2008) requires an acquirer to recognise the identifiable intangible assets of the acquiree separately from goodwill. An intangible asset is identifiable if it meets either the contractual-legal criterion or the separable criterion in IAS 38 *Intangible Assets*. Contractual customer relationships are always recognised separately from goodwill as they meet the contractual-legal criterion. However, non-contractual customer relationships are recognised separately from goodwill only if they meet the separable criterion.

The IFRIC noted that the IFRS Glossary defines the term 'contract'. Paragraphs B31—B40 in the application guidance of IFRS 3 provide guidance on the recognition of intangible assets and the different criteria related to whether they are established based on a contract. The IFRIC also noted that paragraph IE28 in the illustrative examples accompanying IFRS 3 provides indicators for identifying the existence of a customer relationship between an entity and its customer and states that a customer relationship 'may also arise through means other than contracts, such as through regular contact by sales or service representatives.'

The IFRIC concluded that how the relationship is established helps to identify whether a customer relationship exists but should not be the primary basis for determining whether the acquirer recognises an intangible asset. The IFRIC noted that the criteria in paragraph IE28 might be more relevant. The existence of contractual relationships and information about a customer's prior purchases would be important inputs in valuing a customer relationship intangible asset but should not determine whether it is recognised.

In the light of the explicit guidance in IFRS 3, the IFRIC decided that developing an Interpretation reflecting its conclusion is not possible. Noting widespread confusion in practice on this issue, the IFRIC decided that it could be best resolved by referring it to the IASB and the FASB with a recommendation to review and amend IFRS 3 by:

- removing the distinction between 'contractual' and 'non-contractual' customerrelated intangible assets recognised in a business combination; and
- reviewing the indicators that identify the existence of a customer relationship in paragraph IE28 of IFRS 3 and including them in the standard.