

**Meeting** Agenda reference

Staff Paper

Project Insurance contracts

Topic Cover Note

# Agenda papers for this meeting

1. We have prepared the following agenda papers for this meeting:

Agenda Paper No.	Title	Objective
5	Cover note	Outlines objectives for this meeting and next steps.
5A	Margins	Gives an overview of the types of margins that can occur for insurance contracts and discusses some issues on margins relating to initial and subsequent measurement.
5B	Residual and composite margins	Discusses in more detail how to treat residual and composite margins.
5C	Acquisition costs	Discusses the treatment of acquisition costs and the part of the premium that recovers those costs.
5D	Policyholder behaviour	Provides material for a preliminary discussion on future insurance contract premium payments.

5

**April, 2009** 

Date

This paper has been prepared by the technical staff of the IASB for the purposes of discussion at a public meeting of the IASB.

The views expressed in this paper are those of the staff preparing the paper and do not purport to represent the views of any individual members of the Board or the IASB.

Decisions made by the Board are reported in IASB Update.

Official pronouncements of the IASB are published only after the Board has completed its full due process, including appropriate public consultation and formal voting procedures.

### Objective of this meeting

- 2. In this meeting the boards will discuss some topics on candidate measurement approaches for insurance contracts.
- 3. Agenda paper 5A deals with the various types of margins included in the candidate measurement approaches we are discussing in this project. Decisions the boards make on those issues will provide direction for developing a measurement approach and also will narrow down possibilities.
- 4. Agenda paper 5B discusses in more detail how to treat the residual and composite margins described in agenda paper 5A. The paper focuses on subsequent treatment of residual and composite margins, particularly in cases where subsequent changes in estimates occur. We will not ask for a decision on how to treat the residual and composite margins in this meeting.
- 5. At the February 2009 Board meetings, the boards decided that the initial recognition of an insurance contract should not result in the recognition of a day one gain in earnings or profit and loss. The staff noted at those meetings that the boards' discussion in February was not intended to reach a conclusion on acquisition costs and the part of the premium that recovers those costs; agenda paper 5C deals with this topic.
- 6. The purpose of Agenda paper 5D is to provide material for a preliminary discussion on future insurance contract premium payments (and other cash flows resulting from those premiums, e.g. benefits and claims). This paper does not ask the boards to make a choice between the alternatives, nor does it seek any other Board decisions; this will be part of a future Board meeting.

#### Tentative decisions to date

7. In previous meetings, the boards discussed a list of candidate measurement approaches for insurance liabilities. The following topics were addressed:

Topic	IASB	FASB
Features of a	The IASB tentatively decided	The FASB agreed that a
measurement	that a measurement approach	measurement of the fulfilment
approach	for insurance contracts	value of an insurance contract
	conceptually should:	should use expected cash flows
	a) use estimates of financial	rather than a best estimate of cash
	market variables that are as	flows. The FASB also agreed that

Topic	IASB	FASB
-	consistent as possible with observable market prices b) use explicit current estimates	those expected cash flows should be updated each period
	of the expected cash flows c) reflect the time value of money d) include an explicit margin	The FASB agreed that the measurement of cash flows should consider all available information that represents the fulfilment of the insurance contract. All available information includes, but is not limited to, industry data, historical data of an entity's costs, and market inputs when those inputs are relevant to the fulfilment of the contract.
		The FASB will discuss time value of money and margins at a future meeting.
Measurement objective	The IASB discussed whether a measurement approach for insurance contracts should be based on an exit notion or a fulfilment notion. Views diverged and no clear consensus emerged.	The FASB agreed to explore an approach where an insurance contract is measured at a current fulfilment value rather than fair value as defined in FASB Statement No. 157, Fair Value Measurements (an exit value). The fulfilment value is currently not a defined measurement approach but would be based on entity-specific inputs that generally would not require consideration of market participant views.
Measurement of the margin at inception	The IASB tentatively decided that the margin at inception should be measured by reference to the premium and that therefore no day one gains should be recognised in profit or loss. The IASB will discuss at a future meeting how to treat acquisition costs and the part of the premium that recovers those costs.	The FASB agreed that in principle the initial recognition of an insurance contract should not result in the recognition of an accounting profit. However, some FASB members acknowledged that future deliberations and decisions (such as the accounting for acquisition costs) may necessitate revisiting whether an accounting profit should be recognised at inception of an insurance contract.

Topic	IASB	FASB
Candidate	The IASB noted the arguments	The FASB will consider at a
measurement	for and against an approach that	future meeting whether an
approaches	uses an estimate of future cash	approach for measuring insurance
	flows with no margins and no	contracts would include using
	discounting. The IASB	future cash flows with no margins
	considered whether to use such	and no discounting in certain
	an approach for non-life claims	instances.
	liabilities and tentatively	
	decided not to add it to the list	
	of candidates. The candidates to	
	be considered at a future	
	meeting include an unearned	
	premium approach for short-	
	duration pre-claims liabilities.	
	The IASB discussed whether to	
	add to the list of measurement	
	candidates presented by the	
	staff and asked the staff to	
	analyse further whether to apply	
	measurement approaches used	
	in other existing and future	
	standards, notably those on	
	revenue recognition, financial	
	instruments and non-financial	
	liabilities.	

### **Next steps**

- 8. In May 2009, we intend to continue the discussion on margins, including the issue of cost of bearing risk and more details on guidance on risk margins. We also intend to discuss other issues related to the measurement approach, e.g. the use of unearned premium, and the discount rate.
- 9. In May 2009, we also intend to ask the boards to discuss and reach a conclusion on policyholder behaviour.
- 10. An updated project timetable is attached to this paper. The next Working Group meeting is confirmed for June 2009.

# Appendix: Timetable for Board discussions and Working Group meetings

Contract approach	May 2009
We will ask the boards to discuss and reach a conclusion on the	
contract approach (follow-up on April 2009 Educational Board	
Session)	
Other issues on the measurement approach	May 2009
• Use of the unearned premium (candidate 5) for short-duration	
contracts	
Margins: cost of bearing risk and subsequent measurement	
Should other comprehensive income be used for some changes in	
insurance liabilities?	
Non-performance risk	
Other relevant projects: revenue recognition, fair value	
measurements, employee benefits	
Discount rates	May 2009
guidance on discount rates	
Other relevant projects: revenue recognition, fair value	
measurements, non-financial liabilities (IAS 37)	
Policyholder participation - classification	June 2009
When should participation features be classified as equity and	
when should they be classified as liabilities? How should	
participation features be reported in the statements of financial	
position, financial performance and cash flows?	
Are there any specific issues for mutuals?	
Other relevant projects: concepts (elements, recognition), financial	
instruments with characteristics of equity	
In an 2-4 2 2-4- IAC 20 and IAC 40	J 2000
Inconsistencies with IAS 39 and IAS 18	June 2009
• For some or all financial liabilities and investment management	
contracts, should the Board eliminate some or all inconsistencies	
between the insurance contracts model and the models in IAS 39	

<ul> <li>and IAS 18?</li> <li>Should an insurance contract be unbundled if the contract</li> </ul>	
contains more than any component?	
contains more than one component?	
Should any changes be made to the measurement attribute of	
assets held to back insurance contracts? (see also separate	
discussion for participating, unit-linked and index-linked	
contracts).	
Other relevant projects: revenue recognition, financial instruments	
Policyholder accounting – initial review June 2009	
Initial review of whether the same measurement attribute is	
appropriate for policyholders as insurers.	
If the same measurement attribute is appropriate, consider	
whether practical shortcuts are needed.	
Other relevant projects: concepts (measurement, unit of account), fair	
value measurements, non-financial liabilities (IAS 37)	
Policyholder participation - measurement June 2009	
Consider specific measurement issues for participation features.	
Do we need to amend the IFRS 4 definition of a discretionary	
participation feature (DPF)?	
Should investment contracts with a DPF be in the scope of the	
insurance standard or financial instruments standards?	
Are there any specific issues for mutuals?	
Other relevant projects: concepts (measurement), fair value	
measurements, financial instruments, financial instruments with	
characteristics of equity	
Meeting of Insurance Working Group June 2009	
Measurement approach July 2009	
We will ask the boards to discuss and reach a conclusion on the	
measurement approach (follow-up on February 2009 on the	
measurement approach)	

Participating, unit-linked and index-linked insurance contracts	July 2009
and investment contracts and universal life contracts	
Should accounting mismatches be eliminated? If so, how?	
• If assets are held in separate funds, are they part of the reporting	
entity?	
• If policyholders bear part or all of the investment risk, how	
should this affect presentation and disclosure?	
Other relevant projects: concepts (unit of account), financial	
instruments, consolidation, concepts (reporting entity)	
Recognition and derecognition	July 2009
When should an insurer recognise an insurance liability?	
When should a cedant recognise reinsurance assets, especially if	
the underlying direct contracts have a different coverage period?	
When should an insurer derecognise insurance liabilities and	
reinsurance assets?	
Other relevant projects: concepts (recognition and derecognition),	
derecognition, revenue recognition	
Definition and scope	July 2009
• Should the IFRS 4 definition of an insurance contract change?	
Financial guarantee contracts	
• Should existing scope exclusions continue? Should new scope	
exclusions be added?	
Catastrophe bonds and alternative risk transfer	
Other relevant projects: financial instruments, revenue recognition,	
pensions	
Presentation	September
Presentation of the balance sheet and the performance statement	2009
(Staff intends to discuss some presentation issues when discussing	
particular topics. The purpose of session is to discuss topics not	
discussed in earlier meetings).	
Other relevant projects: presentation of financial statements	

Disclosure	September
What disclosures should be required?	2009
Other relevant projects: presentation of financial statements	
Other issues on the building blocks	September
Guarantee fund assessments	2009
Tax issues	
Salvage and subrogation	
Other relevant projects: non-financial liabilities (IAS 37), income	
taxes, fair value measurements	
Minor issues	Contombor
	September
• Insurance contracts acquired in business combinations and	2009
portfolio transfers	
• Should some income taxes be reported as taxes on policyholders,	
rather than as taxes on the insurer?	
Interim reporting	
• Transition, including transition for assets backing insurance	
contracts.	
Consequential amendments	
Other relevant projects: presentation of financial statements	
Policyholder accounting – follow up	September
Review initial conclusions on policyholder accounting	2009
Other relevant projects: non-financial liabilities (IAS 37)	
Pre balloting	September/
	October 2009
Sweep issues	November 2009
Publication of Exposure Draft	December 2009
Comments due	April 2010

Summary of comments	May 2010
Discussion of Issues from comment letters	June 2010 –
• The issues, both the content and the total number, cannot be estimated at this stage	January 2011
• But we probably need to bring something to the Board every 1-2	
months	
Pre balloting	February/March
	2011
Sweep	April 2011
Publication of final standard	May 2011

Timing to be determined: consider the extent (if any) of field testing, planning for any field testing, reporting back on any field testing.