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This document is provided as a convenience to observers at the Standards Advisory Council meeting, to assist them in following the discussions. It does not represent an official position of the IASB. Board positions are set out in Standards.

Note: These notes are based on the staff papers prepared for the SAC meeting. Paragraph numbers correspond to paragraph numbers used in the SAC agenda paper.

INFORMATION FOR OBSERVERS

SAC Meeting: November 2008, London

Project:International Financial Reporting Standard for Private Entities
(SMEs) - Progress toward a Final Standard

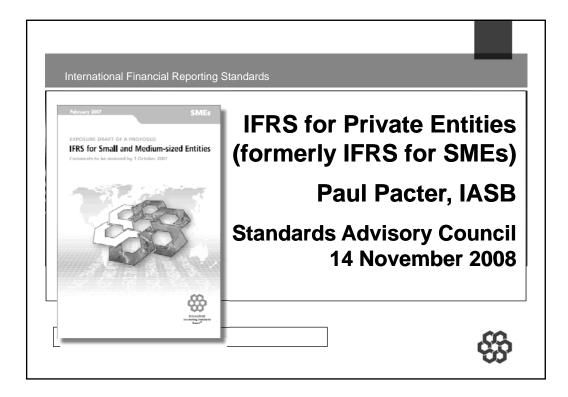
(Agenda Paper 10)

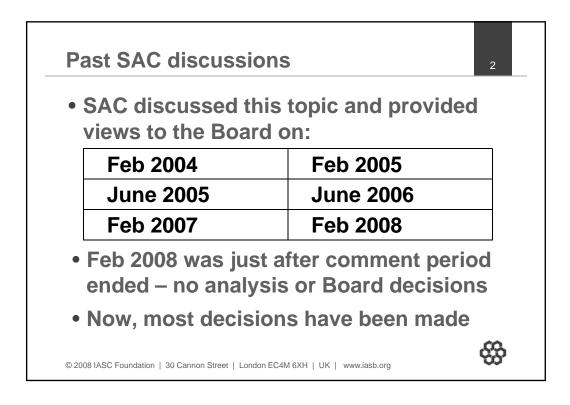
- Attached to this cover page is the PowerPoint presentation that will form the basis for the discussion of the IFRS for Private Entities at the November 2008 Standards Advisory Council (SAC) meeting.
- 2. The IASB's Director of Standards for SMEs will report to the SAC on the key decisions that the Board has made in re-deliberating the Exposure Draft and will identify the issues that remain for the Board to consider. He will also comment on the training materials that are currently being developed by the IASC Foundation Education team and will discuss potential adoptions of the final IFRS for Private Entities.
- 3. The views of SAC members will be invited on any of the issues raised in the presentation or other aspects of the project. In particular, slides 32 and 33 raise five specific questions on which SAC members' views would be especially welcome:

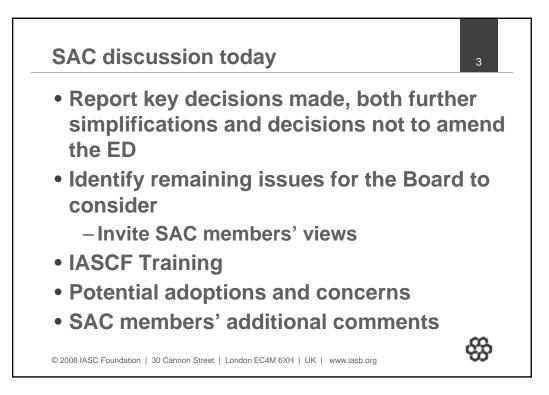
- Q1 Should the IFRS for PEs allow only the simple options from full IFRSs or all of the options in full IFRSs?
- Q2 If all options are allowed, and the IFRS for PEs is to be self-contained, how should the complex options be incorporated into the IFRS for PEs? In each section? Separate appendix?
- Q3 Even if only the simple options are allowed, should there be a special option to use IAS 39 and IFRS 7 instead of Section 11?
- Q4 What are SAC members thoughts on remaining technical issues:
 - a. Income taxes: Temporary difference method with simplifications? Partial provisioning for only net amount that is temporarily deferred or accelerated and will reverse in foreseeable future without being replaced?
 - b. Share-based payment: Is the staff proposal outlined in slide 20 workable? Under that proposal:
 - Retain the FV measurement principle for SBP.
 - If FV is not reliably measurable using observable data, use a 'market multiple' based on P/E ratio of a listed entity close in size and nature to the private entity.
 - If cannot estimate FV of share options reliably without undue cost or effort, intrinsic at grant date (no subsequent remeasurement).
 - If impracticable to estimate FV of share price reliably, disclosure only.
 - c. Measurement of a defined benefit pension obligation at current termination amount? Under the staff's proposal:
 - If sufficient information is not available without undue cost or effort to determine the present value of the defined benefit obligation and related current service cost under a defined benefit plan using the projected unit credit method, or determining the obligation that way would be of questionable usefulness because of the small number of employees involved, an entity should measure the defined benefit obligation of that plan at the current termination amount, i.e., the vested benefit obligation at the balance sheet date assuming all employees

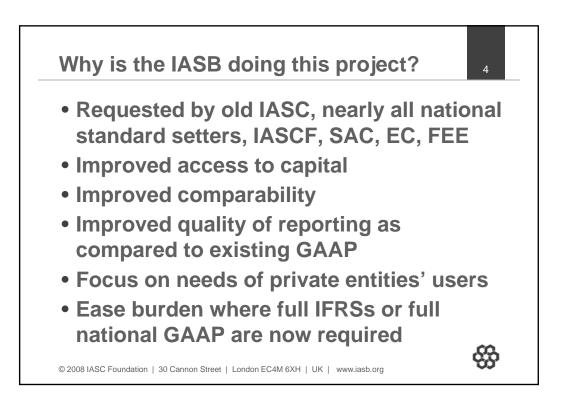
were to terminate their employment as of that date using current salary information and give supplementary disclosures

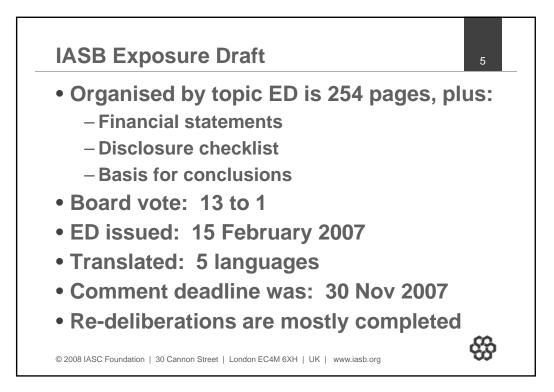
Q5 What are the prospects for adoption of the IFRS for PEs in your jurisdiction?

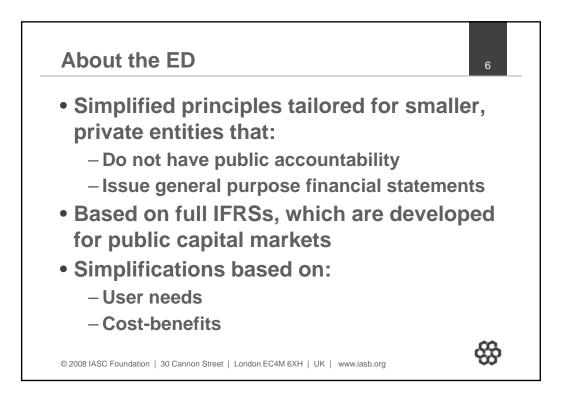












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	Number	Percent
Total Entities	4,679,000	100.0
Owner run (no employees)	3,460,000	74.0
1 – 9 employees	1,019,000	21.7
10 – 49 employees	167,000	3.6
50 – 99 employees	17,000	0.4
100 – 199 employees	8,000	0.2
200 – 499 employees	5,000	0.1
500 or more employees	3,000	0.1

Who are we 7 In most countr over 50 emplo	are only	employees v 8/10 th of d many of	ave 7): Percen
Total Entities	those are	e 'publicly	100.0
Owner run (ne	account	able' (full	74.0
1 – 9 employe	IFR	Ss).	21.7
10 – 49 employ	iers -	101,000	3.6
50 – 99 employees		17,000	0.4
100 – 199 employees		8,000	0.2
200 – 499 employees		5,000	0.1
500 or more er	nplovees	3,000	0.1

