



Cloud computing arrangements (IAS 38)

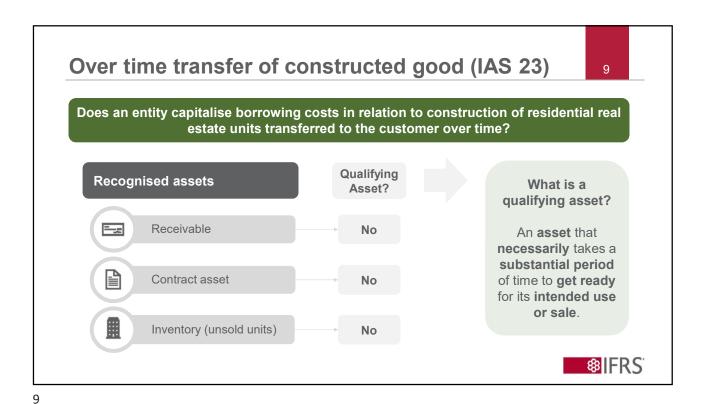
'Software as a service'

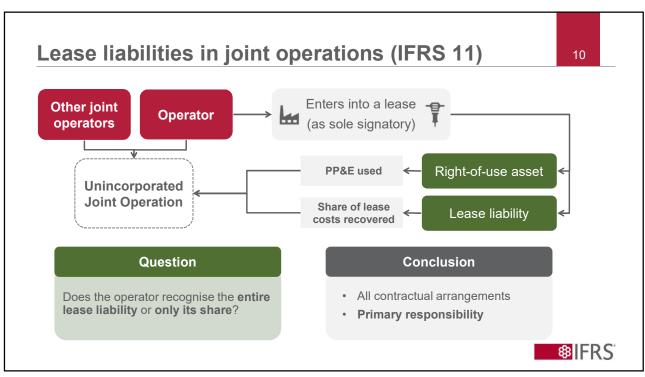
Software asset or service?

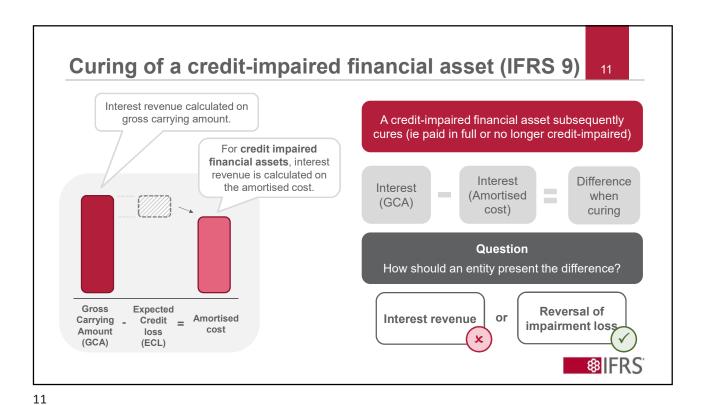
Software lease

Software intangible asset

If no software asset:
Right of access = Service







Physical settlement of contracts to buy or sell a non-financial item (IFRS 9) 12 Contracts fail the own-use scope exception in IFRS 9 Accounted for as derivatives at FVPL Question Example of fact pattern (purchase) Should an entity reverse the loss of CU10 from · Contract to buy a commodity in the future for CU100. the derivative liability on physical settlement? On settlement, FV of the derivative is (CU10). Inventory Revenue Buyer Seller Cash paid Cash received Settlement of Settlement of derivative derivative CU100 No reversal of FV gains or losses on derivative **BIFRS**



Assessment of promised goods or services (IFRS 15)

Does a contract include an initial service that is separate from the ongoing service promised in the contract?



Customer pays a non-refundable upfront fee.



Entity performs activities at contract inception.



Do those activities transfer a good or service to the customer?

Fact pattern in the request

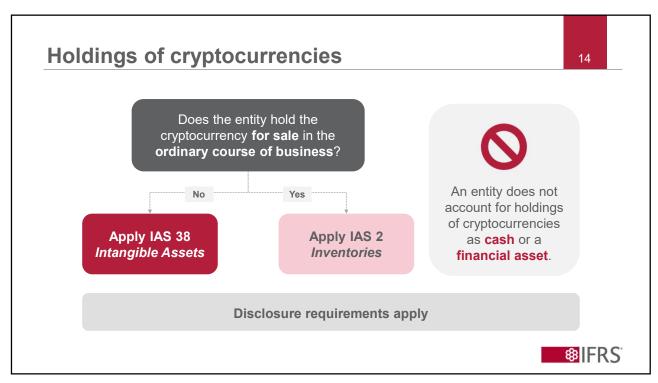
Stock exchange charges: Non-refundable upfront fee and an ongoing listing fee.

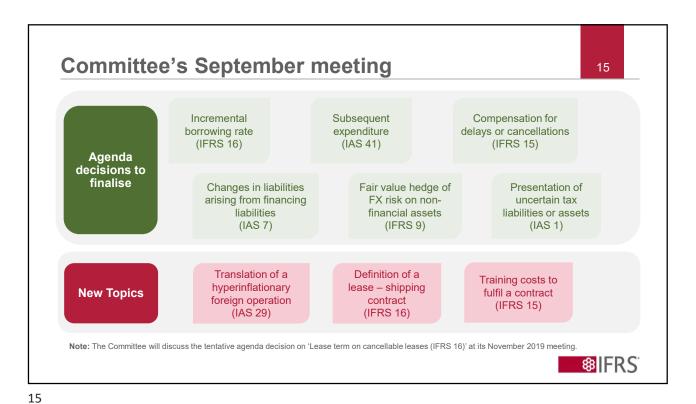
Undertakes activities to enable admission to the exchange.

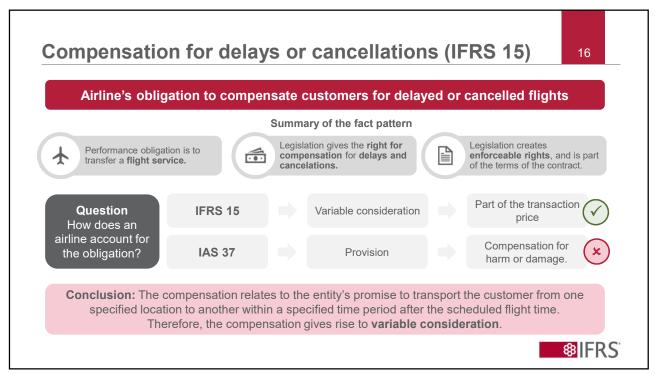
Conclusion: Stock exchange does not promise to transfer any service other than the service of being listed on the exchange.



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Fair value hedge of FX risk on non-financial assets held for consumption

The Committee assessed:

Can an entity have exposure to foreign currency risk on a nonfinancial asset held for consumption that could affect profit or loss?

Can it be a **separately identifiable** and **reliably measurable** risk component?

Can such designation be consistent with an entity's risk management activities?

An entity considers whether:

Fair value determined **only in one** particular foreign currency.

Hedged risk relates to changes in fair value arising from **translation**.

Does the entity really manages exposure to changes in fair value due to FX risk?



Also consider all other applicable requirements in IFRS 9, including those related to the **designation of hedging instruments** and **hedge effectiveness**.



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Sufficient time for implementing agenda decisions

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Agenda decisions provide new insights



Explanatory material in agenda decisions provides new insights



Entities may determine a need to change their accounting policy



Some changes require time to implement

Board's view

The Board expects companies to be entitled to sufficient time to implement changes in accounting policy that result from an agenda decision.

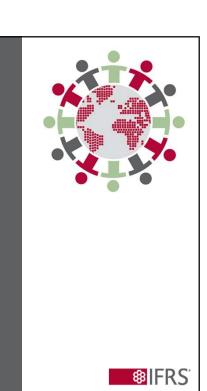
How the Board is trying to help?

New rubric in IFRIC Update

Feature: Agenda decisions—time is of the essence

More information on our website: ifrs.org





Narrow-scope amendments

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Onerous Contracts—Costs of Fulfilling a Contract

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Identified problem

Diverse views on which costs to include in the cost of fulfilling a contract when assessing whether a contract is onerous.

Exposure Draft Onerous Contracts—Cost of Fulfilling a Contract (Proposed amendments to IAS 37)

Proposals



- Specify that when assessing whether a contract is onerous, the cost of fulfilling the contract includes both:
- √ the incremental costs; and
- ✓ an allocation of other costs that relate directly to contract activities.



2. Include **examples** of costs that relate and do not relate directly to a contract.

Next steps



To be discussed by the Board in September 2019.





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IFRS 1

Subsidiary as a firsttime adopter

Simplify the application of IFRS1 by a subsidiary that becomes a first-time adopter after its parent in relation to measurement of cumulative translation differences.

Comment period ended on

IFRS 9

Fees in the '10 per cent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities

Clarify the fees an entity includes in assessing the terms of a new or modified financial liability for determining whether to derecognise a financial liability.

Illustrative Examples accompanying IFRS 16

Lease Incentives

Remove any potential for confusion regarding lease incentives by amending Illustrative Example IE3.

IAS 41

Taxation in fair value measurements

Align the fair value measurement requirements in IAS 41 with those in other IFRS Standards.

20 August 2019.



Next steps:

To be discussed by the Board in Q4 2019.



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Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction

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Recognition of deferred tax

IAS 12 requires entities to recognise deferred tax for all temporary differences, with few exceptions.

Recognition exemption

Deferred tax are not recognised on the initial recognition of an asset (liability) in a transaction which:

- is not a business combination; and
- at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss).

Temporary differences are calculated by comparing the carrying amount of assets and liabilities with their tax bases.

The tax base of an asset is the amount that will be deductible for tax purposes.

The tax base of an liability is its carrying amount, less any amounts that will be deductible for tax purposes.

BIFRS

